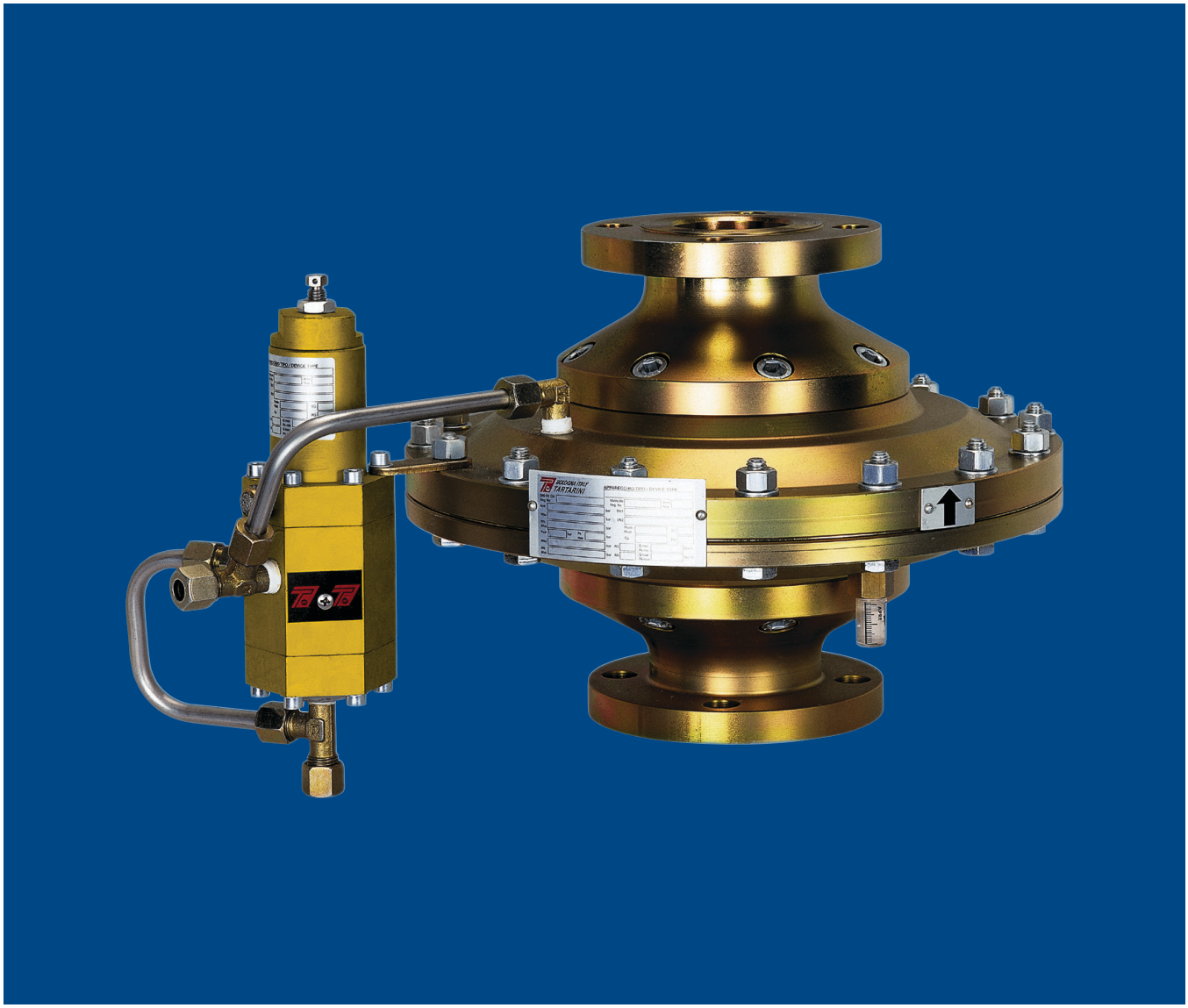
RELIEF VALVES

Type VS- FL



TARTARINI™

EMERSON™

VS-FL Relief Valves

Relief Valves

This series of axial flow relief valves was designed to meet a wide range of applications.

Large appreciation from worldwide customers is a guarantee of the reliability and versatility of this product.

The main features are as follows:

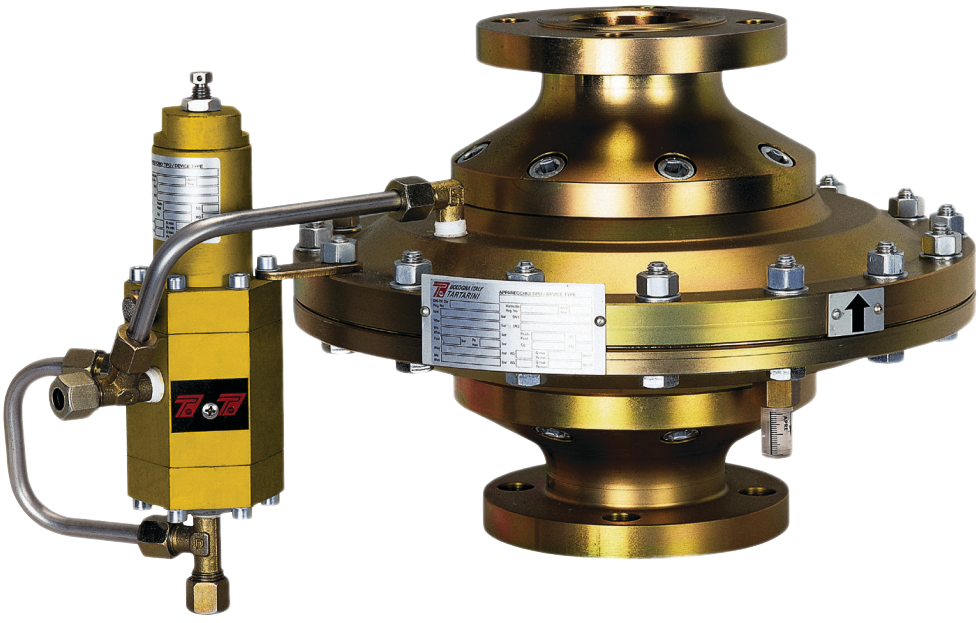
- ***Counterbalanced shutter***
- ***Full strength diaphragm***
- ***Low number of parts***
- ***Modularity design***
- ***Reduced dimensions***
- ***Easy Installation***

Available Versions

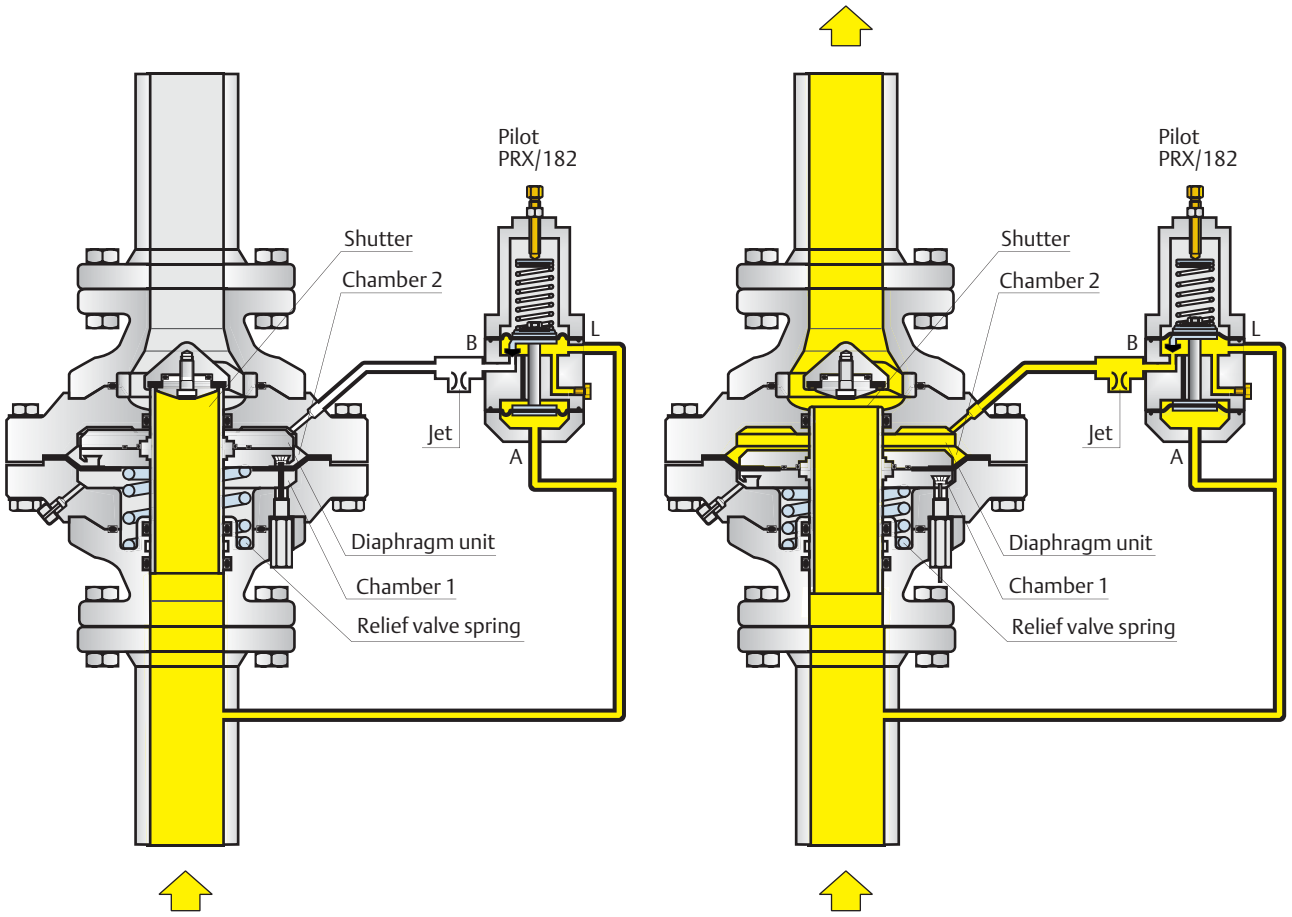
VS-FL-BP: For low and mid pressure applications. Pilot PRX/182.

VS-FL: For mid and high pressure applications. Pilot PRX/182 or PRX-AP/182.

Also available version with Type SR, SRII silencers.



Operation



Closed VS-FL Relief Valve

Opened VS-FL Relief Valve

The diaphragm unit (permanently connected to the shutter) divides the relief valve actuator into two chambers.

The chamber 1 is connected to the atmospheric pressure, chamber 2 is connected to the pilot.

In normal working conditions the two chambers are not containing pressure and the relief valve spring acts on the diaphragm unit and closes the shutter.

If the line pressure exceeds the pilot set point, the pilot allows the gas to flow from the line to chamber 2.

The shutter moves to its open position when the force produced by gas pressure acting on the diaphragm unit becomes greater than the load of the relief valve spring.

Once the excess gas is released and line pressure returns to normal working conditions, the pilot stops the pressure flow, Chamber 2 is no longer being fed, it is emptied through the jet.

The diaphragm unit is pushed upward by the relief valve spring and the shutter moves to its closed position.

VS-FL Relief Valves

Features

Applications

Type VS-FL relief valves are used in reduction, distribution and conveying stations of suitably filtered natural gas.

This product has been designed to be used with fuel gases of 1st and 2nd family according to EN 437 and with other non aggressive and non fuel gases. For any other gases, other than natural gas, please contact your local sales agent.

Technical Features

Flange rating PN 16 - ANSI 150

Allowable pressure	PN 16 PS:	16 bar
	ANSI 150 PS:	20 bar
Set range		
VS-FL-BP PN 16 ANSI 150 DN 25-40-50	W_d:	0.5 to 8 bar
VS-FL-BP PN 16 DN 65-80-100-150	W_d:	0.5 to 16 bar
VS-FL-BP ANSI 150 DN 65-80-100-150	W_d:	0.5 to 19.3 bar

Flange rating ANSI 300/600

Allowable pressure	ANSI 300 PS:	50 bar
	ANSI 600 PS:	100 bar
Set range		
VS-FL ANSI 300 all sizes	W_d:	1 to 50 bar
VS-FL ANSI 600 all sizes	W_d:	1 to 80 bar

Functional Features

Flanged connections

Identical Inlet and outlet : DN 25 - 40 - 50 - 65 - 80 - 100 - 150 - 200[1] - 250[1]

Temperature

Standard version
Working -10 to 60°C

Low temperature version
Working -20 to 60°C

Materials

Flanges and covers	Carbon steel
Diaphragms	Fabric Nitrile (NBR)+PVC/Nitrile (NBR) rubber
Pads	Nitrile (NBR) rubber (Fluorocarbon (FKM) available on request)

1. DN 200 and DN 250 BP versions are not available

Calculation Procedures

Symbols

Q = Natural gas flow rate in Stm^3/h
P_1 = Absolute inlet pressure in bar
P_2 = Absolute outlet pressure in bar
C_g = Flow rate coefficient
C_1 = Body shape factor
d = Relative density of the gas

Flow Coefficients

DN		VS-FL-BP	VS-FL-BP-SR	VS-FL	VS-FL-SR	VS-FL-SRII
25	C_g	590	580	590	580	540
	C_1	32.1	33.4	32.1	33.4	33.5
40	C_g	1400	1350	1400	1350	----
	C_1	28	28	28	28	----
50	C_g	2300	2200	2300	2200	2000
	C_1	32.6	33.7	32.6	33.7	33.4
65	C_g	3500	3350	3500	3350	----
	C_1	29	29	29	29	----
80	C_g	5200	5000	5200	5000	4400
	C_1	32.1	33	32.1	33	30.0
100	C_g	8000	7400	8000	7400	6500
	C_1	32.1	32.7	32.1	32.7	32.9
150	C_g	20300	17800	20300	17800	16200
	C_1	27.6	29.8	27.6	29.8	31.7
200	C_g	----	----	30900	----	25335
	C_1	----	----	28.6	----	32.3
250	C_g	----	----	52100	----	42500
	C_1	----	----	32.3	----	35.5

Flow Rate Q

Sub-critical state with: $P_2 > \frac{P_1}{2}$

$$Q = 0.525 \bullet C_g \bullet P_1 \bullet \text{sine} \left(\frac{3417}{C_1} \bullet \sqrt{\frac{P_1 - P_2}{P_1}} \right)^{\circ}$$

N.B. The sine argument is expressed in sexagesimal degree

Critical state with: $P_2 \leq \frac{P_1}{2}$

$$Q = 0.525 \bullet C_g \bullet P_1$$

For other gases with different densities, the flow rate calculated with the above formulas must be multiplied by the correction factor:

$$F = \sqrt{\frac{0.6}{d}}$$

Gas	Relative Density, d	Factor, F
Air	1	0.78
Butane	2.01	0.55
Propane	1.53	0.63
Nitrogen	0.97	0.79

VS-FL Relief Valves

DN Sizes

Calculate the required C_g with the following formula:

Sub-critical with: $P_2 > \frac{P_1}{2}$

$$C_g = \frac{Q}{0.525 \bullet P_1 \bullet \text{sine}\left(\frac{3417}{C_1} \bullet \sqrt{\frac{P_1 - P_2}{P_1}}\right)^\circ}$$

N.B. The sine argument is expressed in sexagesimal degree

Critical state with: $P2 \leq \frac{P_1}{2}$

$$C_g = \frac{Q}{0.525 \bullet P_1}$$

N.B. The above formulas apply to natural gas flow rate only. If the flow rate value (Q) refers to other gasses, divide it by the correction factor F.

Select the diameter of the relief valve with C_g higher than calculated value.
After finding the DN of the relief valve, check that gas speed on the seat does not exceed 120 m/sec, using the following formula:

$$V = 345.92 \bullet \frac{Q}{DN^2} \bullet \frac{1 - 0.002 \bullet P_u}{1 + P_u}$$

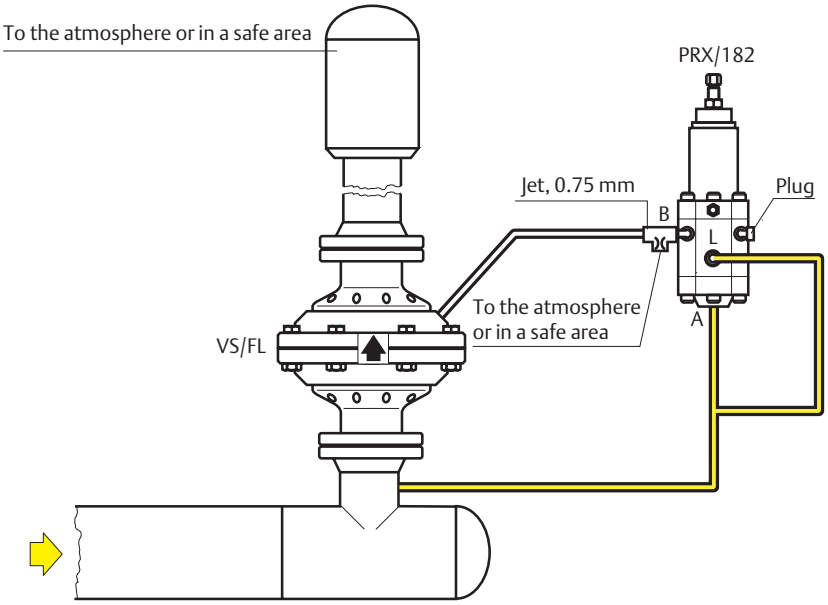
V = Velocity (m/s)
345.92 = Numerical constant
Q = Flow rate under standard conditions (Stm^3/h)
DN = Regulator nominal diameter (mm)
P_u = Inlet pressure in relative value (bar)

Pilots

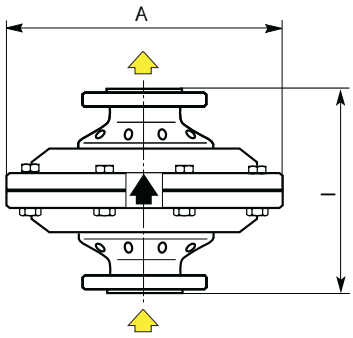
VS-FL relief valves are equipped with the PRX/ series pilots.

Model	Allowable Pressure PS, bar	Set Range W_d, bar	Body and Covers Material
PRX/182	100	0.5 to 40	Steel
PRX-AP/182		30 to 80	
N.B.: 1/4 NPT female threaded connections			

Examples of Connections



Overall Dimensions and Weights



DN	Dimension, mm				Weight, kg	
	Face to Face - I		A			
	PN 16 - ANSI 150	ANSI 300 - ANSI 600	PN 16 - ANSI 150	ANSI 300 - ANSI 600	PN 16 - ANSI 150	ANSI 300 - ANSI 600
	VS-FL-BP	VS-FL	VS-FL-BP	VS-FL	VS-FL-BP	VS-FL
25	184	210	285	225	24	31
40	222	251	306	265	37	47
50	254	286	335	287	48	60
65	276	311	370	355	68	88
80	298	337	400	400	83	148
100	352	394	450	480	105	201
150	451	508	590	610	255	480
200	----	610	----	653	----	620
250	----	752	----	785	----	1150

Note: For DN 200 ANSI 300 face to face is 568 mm, for DN 250 ANSI 300 face to face is 708 mm.

Webadmin.Regulators@emerson.com
Tartarini-NaturalGas.com
Facebook.com/EmersonAutomationSolutions
LinkedIn.com/company/emerson-automation-solutions
Twitter.com/emr_automation

Emerson Automation Solutions

Americas
McKinney, Texas 75070 USA
T +1 800 558 5853
+1 972 548 3574

Asia Pacific
Singapore 128461, Singapore
T +65 6777 8211

Europe
Bologna 40013, Italy
T +39 051 419 0611

Middle East and Africa
Dubai, United Arab Emirates
T +971 4 811 8100

Emerson Process Management s.r.l.

Emerson Automation Solutions - Stabilimento di/Site of: Castel Maggiore - Bologna
Sede Legale/Legal Entity: Piazza Meda 5, 20121 Milano, Italy
Sede Amministrativa/Administrative Headquarters: OMT Tartarini, Via Clodoveo Bonazzi 43, 40013 Castel Maggiore (Bologna), Italy
C.F. - P.I. e R.I. di MI 13186130152 - REA di MI/n.1622916
Direz. e Coord. (art. 2497 bis CC): EMERSON ELECTRIC CO. St. Louis (USA) Socio Unico

EMERSON