May 2023

Control Valve Solutions for Cleaner Hydrogen Energy



Hydrogen Is Becoming a Trending Energy Carrier

Hydrogen is the most abundant element on earth and is seen as the fuel of the future as it does not emit carbon dioxide. The hydrogen industry is experiencing tremendous growth with governments and private organizations investing their time and efforts in developing new technologies to produce and use hydrogen in power generation, transporation, and as feedstock in refineries and petrochemical plants.

Emerson's extensive portfolio is designed to address the quality and performance needs required by customers within the growing hydrogen market. With our solutions, customers can expect innovative, extensively tested, precise and reliable products designed for the most demanding hydrogen applications.

Moreover, Fisher™ control valves have been used for hydrogen services in Petrochemical and Refining industries for over 50 years. Emerson has solid application experience not only with materials and process needs based on various pressures and temperatures, but also with emergent technologies such as hydrogen electrolyzer.





Hydrogen Value Chain

Control valves are used throughout the entire hydrogen value chain, from production and transportation to enduse, since they are key to achieving plant efficiency. At Emerson, we have extensive experience in providing the optimal solution for control valve requirements.

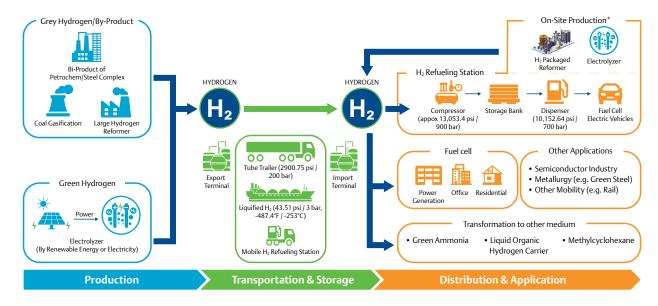


Figure 1. Hydrogen Value Chain Diagram

Production Methods

Hydrogen does not occur naturally in its free form as pure hydrogen; it is always combined with other elements and exists as water (H_2O) or fossil fuels (CH_4 , C_2H_6). Thus, a chemical process reaction is required to isolate it. In recent years, new technology has surfaced to enhance the chemical process, utilize different energy sources to reduce emissions, and achieve the most efficient and cleanest way to produce hydrogen.

The hydrogen produced is classified in the summary table below.

Source	Feed Stock / Energy Source	Technology	CO ₂ Emission	Colour of Hydrogen	
Water	Wind, Solar, Hydro, Geothermal		Minimal	Green Hydrogen	
	Nuclear	Electrolysis	Minimai	Pink Hydrogen	
	Grid		Medium	Yellow Hydrogen	
	Natural Gas / Coal	Reformer/Gasification + Carbon capture and storage	Low	Blue Hydrogen	
	Natural Gas	Pyrolysis	Low	Turquoise Hydrogen	
Fossil Fuels	Naturai Gas	Reformer	High	Grey Hydrogen	
	Brown Coal	Gasification	∐igh	Brown Hydrogen	
	Black Coal	GaSilication	High	Black Hydrogen	

Table 1. Production Methods











Hydrogen Transportation

After production, there is a need for hydrogen to be transported to its intended end-use. There are three methods to do so when it is in its gaseous state:

- 1. Hydrogen gas can be compressed at a high pressure, e.g. 4351.13 psi / 300 bar, 7251.89 psi / 500 bar, or 10,152.64 psi / 700 bar, and transported in cylinders or tubes inside trucks.
- 2. It can be liquified at a temperature of -489.2°F / -254°C and transported in specially designed trucks or marine carriers.
- 3. Hydrogen gas can be converted into other stable form chemicals and transported using conventional transport systems (trucks and marine carriers).
 - a. React with nitrogen to form ammonia (NH₃)
 - b. React with an aromatic compound to form a liquid organic hydride

Hydrogen End-Uses

Refineries, petrochemical complexes, steel plants and other industry segments that need hydrogen will transform to produce hydrogen in greener ways and continue to use it for their processes as a feedstock.

The transportation segment will use hydrogen when cars and trucks use fuel cell technology to generate electricity and power vehicles.

Hydrogen will be used in power generation. Today, there are two ways to utilize hydrogen in power generation. The first is to blend it with natural gas in power plants that run on gas-fired turbines. The second is to utilize fuel cell technology and produce power. In future, we can have gas turbines that run on 100% hydrogen.



Emerson Control Valve Solutions for Hydrogen Value Chain

Emerson has supplied Fisher and Baumann™ control valves for various segments within the hydrogen value chain for many years. The following table shows the different processes and recommended control valve solutions for each application in the hydrogen value chain.

UNIT	PROCESS	APPLICATION	GLOBE VALVES E		ENGINEERED PRODUCTS 回信回 问题		BUTTERFLY VALVES
			Baumann	Fisher GX	Fisher easy-e™	Fisher HP Seems	Fisher 8500 series
Steam methane reformer	Steam generation	Boiler feed water valve			!!		
		Feed gas control valve					
		Feed gas compressor anti-surge control valve					
	Reformer	Reformer steam to natural gas ratio control valve					
	Shift convertor	Shift convertor temperature control valve					
		Convertor vent valve					
	Pressure swing adsorption - Hdrogen purification & separation	Feed gas valve					
		Dump/purge valve					
		Purge supply control valve					
		Final product / Repressurization valve					
	Carbon capture and storage	Lean solvent feed valve					
		Rich amine let down valve					
	Steam generation	Lean solvent pump recirculation valve			% .		
		Treated flue gas vent valve					
		Carbon dioxide compressor anti-surge control valve					
Green Hydrogen	Electrolysis - Alkaline water electrolysis, Polymer electrolyte membrane, Solid oxide electrolysis cell	Gas control valve (Hydrogen, Oxygen)					
	Electrolysis - Alkaline water electrolysis	Electrolyte (Potassium hydroxide, Sodium hydroxide)					
	Electrolysis - Alkaline water electrolysis	Water control valves					
	Electrolysis - Polymer electrolyte membrane	Ultra pure water control valve					
	Electrolysis - Solid oxide electrolysis cell	Super heated steam valve					

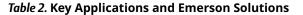
LEGEND:















UNIT	PROCESS	APPLICATION	GLOBE VALVES E		ENGINEERED PRODUCTS		BUTTERFLY VALVES 回闭回 PS
			Baumann	Fisher GX	Fisher easy-e	Fisher HP	Fisher 8500 series
Liquefaction & storage		Hydrogen compression					
		General service utility valves					
		Gaseous nitrogen valves					
		Liquid nitrogen valves					
Transport - Ammonia	Syngas unit	Syngas flow control valve					
		Syngas compressor anti-surge valve					
	Ammonia reactor	Ammonia seperator level control valve					
	Ammonia chiller unit	Refrigerant flow control valve					
	Ammonia chiller unit	Chiller level control valve					
	Flash drum	Ammonia let down valve					
Transport - liquid organic hydrogen carriers	Liquid organic hydrogen carrier (Hydrogenation: Toluene - Methylcyclohexane)	Feed gas control valve					
		Toluene gas control valve					
	Liquid organic hydrogen carrier (Dehydrogenation: Methylcyclohexane - Toluene)	Feed gas control valve					
		Toluene, Hydrogen gas control valve					
Compression station	Hydrogen compressor station	Hydrogen Pressure Control Valve					
	Electrolysis - Alkaline water electrolysis	Electrolyte (Potassium hydroxide, Sodium hydroxide)					
	Electrolysis - Alkaline water electrolysis	Water control valves					
	Electrolysis - Polymer electrolyte membrane	Ultra pure water control valve					

LEGEND:

📕 Proposed solution 🕡 Noise 💢 Cavitation 🛭 🕡 😯 Noise and outgassing







Table 2. Key Applications and Emerson Solutions (continued)

Emerson's Sustainability Efforts

Emerson is deploying environmental sustainability strategies and accelerating decarbonization across the globe. The company has established a target to reach net zero greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 2045. We support and enable our customers' decarbonization and environmental sustainability efforts through hydrogen.

Emerson

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