

Fisher™ V500 Rotary Globe Control Valve



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Section 1: Introduction

1.1 Scope of the Manual

This instruction manual provides installation, operation, maintenance and parts ordering information for NPS 1 through 12 Fisher V500 eccentric plug rotary control valves. Refer to separate manuals for information concerning the actuator and accessories.

WARNING

 Do not install, operate or maintain a V500 valve without being fully trained and qualified in valve, actuator and accessory installation, operation and maintenance. To avoid personal injury or property damage, it is important to carefully read, understand and follow all the contents of this manual, including all safety cautions and warnings. If you have any questions about these instructions, contact your [Emerson sales office](#) before proceeding.

1.2 Description

The V500 rotary control valve is a flanged (Figure 1) valve with a self-centering seat, eccentrically rotating plug and splined valve shaft. Suitable for forward or reverse flow use, this valve mates with a variety of actuators to provide throttling or on-off service. Valves mate with CL150, 300 or 600 raised face pipeline flanges.

Figure 1. Fisher V500 Flanged Rotary Control Valve with 1061 Actuator and FIELDVUE™ DVC6200 Digital Valve Controller



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Table 1. Specifications

Valve Sizes ⁽¹⁾	Flow Direction
NPS ■ 1, ■ 1-1/2, ■ 2, ■ 3, ■ 4, ■ 6, ■ 8, ■ 10 and ■ 12	■ Reverse Flow (Standard Direction): Past valve plug and through seat ring tends to close the valve, recommended for erosive and general service ■ Forward Flow: Through seat ring and past valve plug; tends to open the valve, recommended for high pressure drop and high cycle service
End Connection Style	Actuator Mounting
■ Raised-face flanges, ■ ring-type joint flanges (ASME B16.5) ■ CL150, ■ CL300 or ■ CL600 Valve bodies with EN flanges also available; consult your Emerson sales office.	■ Left-hand or ■ right-hand as viewed from the upstream side of the valve. See Figure 2.
Maximum Inlet Pressure ⁽²⁾	Valve Plug Rotation
Consistent with applicable ASME B16.34 or EN 12516-1 ratings	Counterclockwise to close (when viewed from actuator side of valve) through 90° of valve plug rotation
Shutoff Classification	Valve/Actuator Action
Class IV per ANSI/FCI 70-2 and IEC 60534-4 (0.01% of valve capacity at full travel), for either flow direction. Leak rates for full and restricted port valves are based on full port capacities. Reduced port valves seat at the full port diameter.	With diaphragm or piston rotary actuator, field-reversible between ■ push-down-to-close (extending actuator rod closes the valve) and ■ push-down-to-open (extending actuator rod opens the valve)
Flow Characteristic	Shaft Diameters ⁽³⁾ and Approximate Weights
Modified linear	See Table 2
1. The valve size shown in this manual refers to Nominal Pipe Size (NPS). 2. The pressure or temperature limits in this manual and any applicable standard limitations should not be exceeded. 3. Shaft diameter and spline end must match available shaft diameter of actuator.	

Section 2: Installation

WARNING

Always wear protective gloves, clothing and eyewear when performing any maintenance operations to avoid personal injury.

To avoid personal injury or property damage resulting from the sudden release of pressure, do not install the valve assembly where service conditions could exceed the limits given on the appropriate nameplates or the mating pipe flange rating. Use pressure-relieving devices as required by government or accepted industry codes and good engineering practices.

Check with your process or safety engineer for any other hazards that may be present from exposure to process media.

If installing into an existing application, also refer to the WARNING at the beginning of the Maintenance section in this instruction manual.

⚠ WARNING

When ordered, the valve configuration and construction materials were selected to meet particular pressure, temperature, pressure drop and controlled fluid conditions. Responsibility for the safety of process media and compatibility of valve materials with process media rests solely with the purchaser and end-user. Since some valve body/trim material combinations are limited in their pressure drop and temperature ranges, do not apply any other conditions to the valve without first contacting your [Emerson sales office](#).

Table 2. Shaft Diameter and Approximate Weights

VALVE SIZE, NPS	SHAFT DIAMETER		APPROXIMATE WEIGHT		
			Flanged		
	Through Valve	At Spline End	CL150	CL300	CL600
	mm		kg		
1	12.7	12.7	5.4	5.9	5.9
1-1/2	15.9	15.9	8.6	9.5	10
2	15.9	15.9	9.5	11	13
3	25.4	25.4	19	24	26
	25.4	19.1			
4	31.8	31.8	36	42	50
6	38.1	38.1	54	69	93
	38.1	31.8			
8	38.1	38.1	79	98	135
10	44.5	44.5	186	213	317
12	53.8	53.8	218	256	370
	53.8	50.8			
	in.		lbs		
1	1/2	1/2	12	13	13
1-1/2	5/8	5/8	19	21	23
2	5/8	5/8	21	25	28
3	1	1	42	52	57
	1	3/4			
4	1-1/4	1-1/4	79	93	111
6	1-1/2	1-1/2	120	152	204
	1-1/2	1-1/4			
8	1-1/2	1-1/2	75	217	298
10	1-3/4	1-3/4	408	468	697
12	2-1/8	2-1/8	478	563	815
	2-1/8	2			

Key numbers in this procedure are shown in Figure 11 (NPS 1 and 1-1/2 valves), Figure 14 (NPS 2 through 8 valves) and Figure 15 (NPS 10 and 12) unless otherwise indicated.

NOTICE

To prevent product damage during storage, keep the valve body cavity dry and clear of foreign material.

1. If the valve is to be stored before installation, protect the flange mating surfaces and keep the valve body cavity dry and clear of foreign material.
2. Install a three-valve bypass around the control valve assembly if continuous operation will be necessary during inspection and maintenance of the valve.
3. A V500 valve is normally shipped as part of a control valve assembly, with a power or manual actuator mounted on the valve. If the valve and actuator have been purchased separately or if the actuator has been removed from the valve, mount the actuator according to the Actuator Mounting procedure. Also, adjust the actuator travel using the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure before installing the valve. The necessary measurements cannot be made with the valve installed.
4. Before starting the actual installation of the valve, determine the proper installation orientation of the valve plug (key 2) and actuator. Determine the flow direction of the process fluid through the valve. See Figure 2.

NOTICE

Ensure the valve and adjacent pipelines are free of foreign material that could damage the valve seating surfaces.

5. Before installing the valve, make sure the flow direction arrow (key 32) on the valve matches the actual process fluid flow direction through the valve for the application where the valve will be installed.
6. Install the flange gaskets and insert the valve between the mating pipeline flanges. Use flat sheet gaskets compatible with the process media or spiral wound gaskets with compression-controlling center rings.

Figure 2. Index Marks for Actuator Lever Orientation

ACTUATOR		ACTUATOR POSITION				
MOUNTING	STYLE	VALVE OPEN	1	2	3	4
RIGHT-HAND	STYLE A (PDTC)					
	STYLE B (PDTO)					
LEFT-HAND	STYLE C (PDTO)					
	STYLE D (PDTC)					

NOTES:

1. ARROW ON LEVER INDICATES DIRECTION OF ACTUATOR THRUST TO CLOSE VALVE.

2. PDTC—PUSH DOWN TO CLOSE; PDTO—PUSH DOWN TO OPEN

3. F—FORWARD FLOW; R—REVERSE FLOW

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Table 3. Recommended Line Studs and Nuts

VALVE SIZE	Pressure Rating	Bolt Size	Stud Qty	Nut Qty	Bolt Length	Style
NPS					In.	
1	CL150	1/2-13 UNC	8	16	2.75	II
	CL300	5/8-11 UNC	8	16	3.5	II
	CL600	5/8-11 UNC	6	16	4	II
			2	2	3	III
1-1/2	CL150	1/2-13 UNC	8	16	3	II
	CL300	3/4-10 UNC	8	16	4	II
	CL600	3/4-10 UNC	8	16	4.5	II
2	CL150	5/8-11 UNC	8	16	3.5	II
	CL300	5/8-11 UNC	16	32	3.75	II
	CL600	5/8-11 UNC	8	16	4.5	II
			8	8	3.75	III
3	CL150	5/8-11 UNC	8	16	3.75	II
	CL300	3/4-10 UNC	16	32	4.5	II
	CL600	3/4-10 UNC	12	24	5.25	II
			4	4	4.25	III
4	CL150	5/8-11 UNC	16	32	4	II
	CL300	3/4-10 UNC	16	32	4.75	II
	CL600	7/8- 9 UNC	12	24	6	II
			4	4	5	III
6	CL150	3/4-10 UNC	16	32	4.25	II
	CL300	3/4-10 UNC	24	48	5.25	II
	CL600	1-8 UNC	16	32	7.25	II
			8	8	6	III
8	CL150	3/4-10 UNC	16	32	4.5	II
	CL300	7/8-9 UNC	24	48	5.75	II
	CL600	1-1/8-8 UN	20	40	8	II
			4	4	6.75	III
10	CL150	7/8-9 UNC	24	48	5	II
	CL300	1-8 UNC	32	64	6.75	II
	CL600	1-1/4-8 UN	24	48	9	II
			8	8	6.75	III
12	CL150	7/8-9 UNC	24	48	5	II
	CL300	1-1/8-8 UN	32	64	7.25	II
	CL600	1-1/4-8 UN	32	64	9	II
			8	8	6.75	III

Table 4. Optional Line Studs and Nuts

VALVE SIZE	Pressure Rating	Bolt Size	Stud Qty	Nut Qty	Bolt Length	Style
NPS						
1	CL150	1/2-13 UNC	4	8	7	I
	CL300	5/8-11 UNC	4	8	7.5	I
	CL600	5/8-11 UNC	3	6	8	I
			2	2	3	III
1 1/2	CL150	1/2-13 UNC	4	8	7.75	I
	CL300	3/4-10 UNC	4	8	8.5	I
	CL600	3/4-10 UNC	4	8	9.25	I

Figure 3. Line Bolts for V500 Valve Bodies (Also See Table 3)

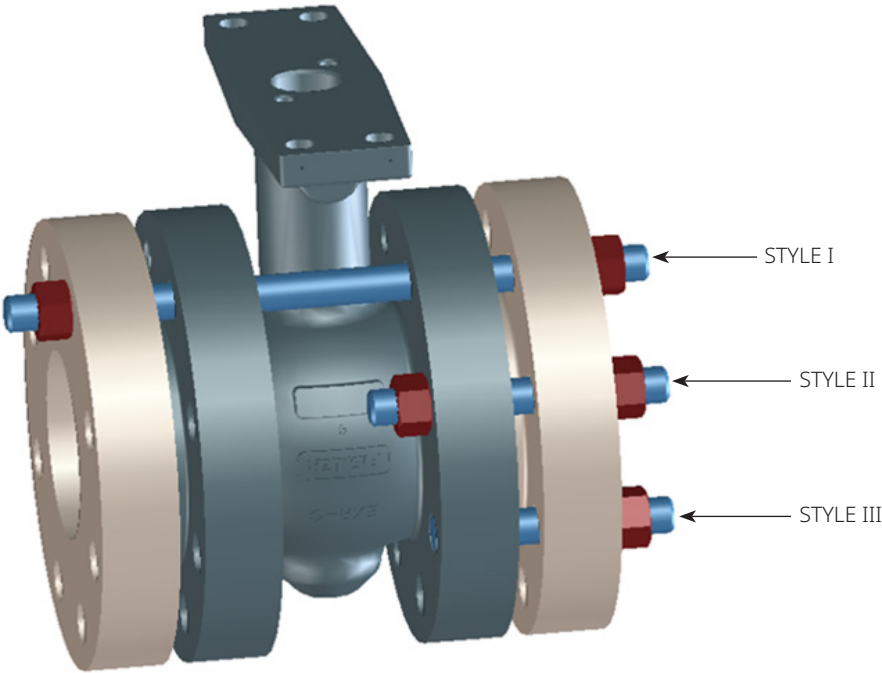
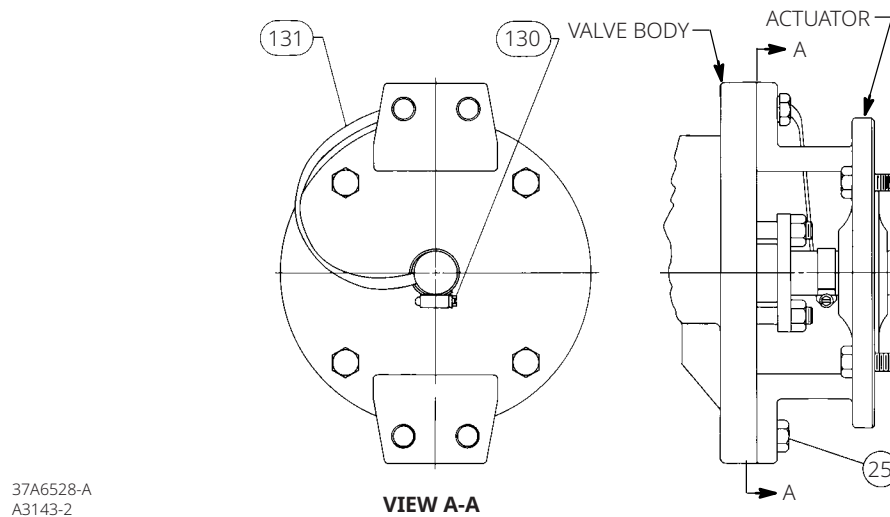


Figure 4. Optional Shaft-to-Body Bonding Strap Assembly**NOTE**

For best shutoff performance and to reduce bearing wear, it is recommended that you install the valve shaft in a horizontal direction. See Figure 1.

2.1 Ceramic Trim

Some types of ceramic trim, including the VTC (very tough ceramic) variety, can create a spark under certain circumstances. When the edge of a ceramic part is struck against a second ceramic part with enough force, a spark can be created.

⚠ WARNING

Avoid personal injury and property damage from ignition of process fluid caused by sparks from ceramic trim. Do not use ceramic trim where the process fluid is unstable or if it is an explosive mixture (such as air and ether).

⚠ WARNING

The valve drive shaft is not necessarily grounded to the pipeline when installed. Personal injury or property damage could result if the process fluid or the atmosphere around the valve is flammable, from an explosion caused by a discharge of static electricity from the valve components. If the valve is installed in a hazardous area, electrically bond the drive shaft to the valve.

1. Prepare to install the line bolts and nuts. Consult Figures 3, 4 and 5 before installing the line bolts and nuts.

NOTE

Standard PTFE packing is composed of a partially conductive carbon-filled PTFE female adaptor with PTFE V-ring packing. Standard graphite packing is composed of all conductive graphite ribbon packing rings. Alternate shaft-to-valve body bonding is available for hazardous service areas where the standard packing is not sufficient to bond the shaft to the valve (see the following step).

2. For hazardous applications, attach the bonding strap assembly (key 131) to the shaft with the clamp (key 130) and connect the other end of bonding strap assembly to the valve body with the cap screw (key 25). See Figure 4.

For all valve bodies, install the line bolts and nuts; then, tighten them using accepted bolting procedures. These procedures include, but are not limited to, lubricating the line bolts and hex nuts and tightening the nuts in a crisscross sequence to ensure proper gasket load.

3. If a purge is desired for the purged bearing construction, remove the pipe plugs (keys 29 and 24) and install the purge lines. Purge pressure should be greater than the pressure within the valve and the purge fluid should be as clean as possible.
4. Connect pressure lines to the actuator as indicated in the actuator instruction manual. When a manual actuator is used with a power actuator, install a bypass valve on the power actuator (if not already supplied) for use during manual operation.

**WARNING**

Personal injury could result from packing leakage. Valve packing was tightened before shipment; however, the packing might require some readjustment to meet specific service conditions. Check with your process or safety engineer for any other hazards that may be present from exposure to process media.

If the valve has enhanced ENVIRO-SEAL™ live-loaded packing installed readjustment will probably not be required. See the Emerson Automation Solutions instruction manual entitled ENVIRO-SEAL Packing System for Rotary Valves (D101643X012) for packing instructions. If you wish to convert your present packing arrangement to ENVIRO-SEAL packing, refer to the retrofit kits listed in the Parts Kit section later in this manual.

Section 3: Maintenance

WARNING

Avoid personal injury or property damage from sudden release of process pressure or bursting of parts. Before performing any maintenance operations:

- **Do not remove the actuator from the valve while the valve is still pressurized.**
- **Always wear protective gloves, clothing and eyewear when performing any maintenance operations to avoid personal injury.**
- **Disconnect any operating lines providing air pressure, electric power or a control signal to the actuator. Be sure the actuator cannot suddenly open or close the valve.**
- **Use bypass valves or completely shut off the process to isolate the valve from process pressure. Relieve process pressure from both sides of the valve. Drain the process media from both sides of the valve.**
- **Vent the power actuator loading pressure and relieve any actuator spring precompression.**
- **Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.**
- **The valve packing area may contain process fluids that are pressurized, even when the valve has been removed from the pipeline. Process fluids may spray out under pressure when removing the packing hardware or packing rings.**
- **Check with your process or safety engineer for any other hazards that may be present from exposure to process media.**

Valve parts are subject to normal wear and must be inspected and replaced as necessary. The frequency of inspection and replacement depends upon the severity of service conditions.

As used in these instructions, the term “actuator” refers to power actuators (such as pneumatic diaphragm or piston actuators) or manual actuators (such as handwheel or handlever actuators).

3.1 Packing Maintenance

Key numbers are referenced in Figures 11, 13 and 14 unless otherwise indicated.

NOTE

For the ENVIRO-SEAL packing system, refer to the Parts Ordering section for retrofit kits and parts kits (see Figure 15). Refer to the separate ENVIRO-SEAL instruction manual for maintenance instructions.

Standard ENVIRO-SEAL packing systems can be used in vacuum service with packing rings in the standard orientation. It is not necessary to reverse the ENVIRO-SEAL PTFE packing rings.

Stopping Leakage

All maintenance procedures in this section may be performed with the valve body (key 1) in the line.

For packing other than spring-loaded packings, leakage around the packing follower (key 14) can be stopped by tightening the packing flange nuts (key 16). If leakage cannot be stopped in this manner, replace the packing according to the Replacing Packing procedure.

If the packing is relatively new and tight on the valve shaft (key 3) and if tightening the packing nuts does not stop leakage, it is possible that the valve shaft is worn or nicked so that a seal cannot be made. If the leakage comes from the outside diameter of the packing, it is possible that the leakage is caused by nicks or scratches on the packing box wall. Inspect the shaft and packing box wall for nicks or scratches when performing the following procedures.

Replacing Packing

NOTE

If the valve has enhanced ENVIRO-SEAL live-loaded packing installed, see the separate ENVIRO-SEAL instruction manual.

This procedure may be performed without removing the actuator from the valve body if adding PTFE/composition packing rings as a temporary measure. However, the actuator must be removed if replacing any other kind of packing or if the metal packing parts (keys 14, 17 and, if used, 18) need to be replaced.

Removing the Packing

1. Isolate the control valve from the line pressure, release pressure from both sides of the valve and drain the process media from both sides of the valve. If using a power actuator, also shut off all pressure lines to the power actuator, release all pressure from the actuator. Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.

NOTICE

When the actuator is removed from the valve, do not use a hammer or similar tool to drive the lever or actuator off the valve shaft. Driving the lever or actuator off the valve shaft could damage the valve plug, seal and valve.

If necessary, use a wheel puller to remove the lever or actuator from the valve shaft. It is okay to tap the wheel puller screw lightly to loosen the lever or actuator, but hitting the screw with excessive force could damage the valve plug, seal and valve.

2. If necessary, remove the cap screws (key 25) and hex nuts (key 26). Then remove the actuator while referring to the actuator manual for assistance.
3. Remove the packing nuts (key 16). For NPS 1 through 8 remove the packing follower (key 14). For NPS 10 and 12, remove the packing flange (key 45) and then remove the packing follower (key 14).
4. Remove the old packing rings (key 13), packing box ring (key 17) and, if used, the lantern ring (key 18).

⚠ WARNING

Do not scratch the valve shaft or packing box wall. Scratching these surfaces could cause leakage.

5. Clean all accessible metal parts and surfaces to remove particles that would prevent the packing from sealing.
6. If necessary, complete the steps in the Replacing the Valve Plug, Shaft and Bearings section and return to the Installing Packing steps below.

Installing Packing

1. Install the new packing rings and packing box ring by stacking the parts as shown in Figure 5. Make sure split rings are arranged so that the splits do not line up to form a leak path. Then slide the stack into the packing box as far as will go while being careful to avoid trapping air among the rings.
2. Install the studs (key 15) and packing follower (key 4) and for NPS 10 and 12, also install the packing flange (key 45). Install the nuts (key 16).

⚠ WARNING

To prevent possible product damage or leakage, make sure the valve plug remains in the closed position when installing new packing parts.

3. Make sure the valve plug is in the closed position when installing new packing parts.
4. Insert a screw driver, pry bar or similar tool between the lower ear of the plug and the valve body (see Figure 6). Use the pry to move the plug tightly against the thrust washer and bearing on the actuator side of the valve. Keep the valve plug in that position until you have completed the packing installation.
5. Tighten packing flange nuts enough to stop leakage under normal conditions.
6. Mount the actuator while referring to the actuator mounting procedures of the actuator instruction manual. You must complete the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure in this manual before installing the valve in the pipeline, due to the measurements that must be made during the actuator adjustment process.
7. When the control valve is being put back into operation, check the packing follower for leakage and retighten the packing nuts as necessary.

3.2 Replacing Retainer, Seat Ring, Face Seals and Insert

This procedure is to be performed if the control valve is not shutting off properly, if the port diameter is to be changed by installing a different seat ring or if seat ring inspection is necessary. The actuator and valve (key 1) must be removed from the pipeline; however, the actuator may remain mounted during this procedure. The insert is an optional part for most constructions, but is required on the NPS 2, 3 and 4 Globe Face-to-Face design.

A retainer tool is required to remove the retainer (key 5), seat ring (key 4), face seals (key 8) and insert (key 135). If specifically ordered, a tool is supplied with the valve; a tool can also be ordered individually. If desired, a tool can be machined using the dimensions shown in Figure 7.

During assembly, handle the retainer, seat ring, face seals and insert carefully. Critical areas that must be protected are the threads and inner surface of the retainer (key 5), the sealing surfaces of the face seals (key 8), the face seal grooves in the seat ring (key 4), the shutoff surface of the seat ring and the face seal surface in the valve body (key 1) or in the insert.

A new retainer gasket (key 11) and insert gasket (key 134) are required whenever the retainer (key 5) is removed. Other parts in good condition can be reused.

Disassembly of Retainer, Seat Ring, Face Seals and Insert

The insert is an optional part for most constructions, but is required on the NPS 2, 3, and 4 Globe Face-to-Face design. Key numbers are shown in Figures 11, 13 and 14 unless otherwise noted.

1. Isolate the control valve from the line pressure, release pressure from both sides of the valve body and drain the process media from both sides of the valve. If using a power actuator, also shut off all pressure lines to the power actuator, release all pressure from the actuator. Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.
2. Remove line bolting. Then, remove the control valve from the pipeline and place the valve on a flat surface with the retainer (key 5) facing up.
3. Rotate the valve shaft (key 3) to move the valve plug (key 2) into the open position.

NOTE

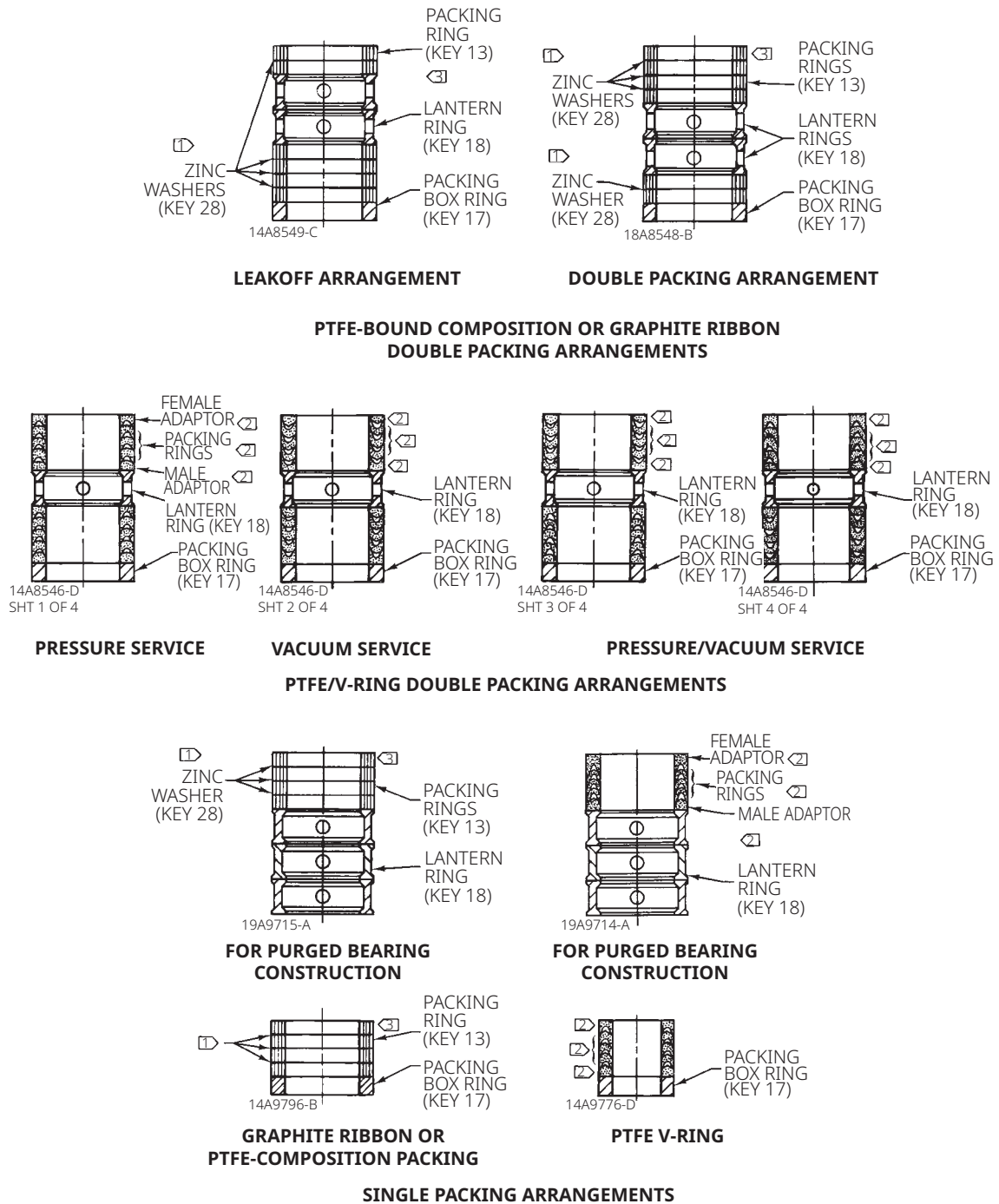
The retainer (key 5) was installed at the factory using the torque listed in Table 6.

4. Remove the retainer by engaging the retainer tool, attaching an impact wrench or other suitable tool and unscrewing the retainer. Inspect the retainer.

NOTICE

Place the retainer on a protected, flat surface where the threads and inner surface will not be contaminated or damaged.

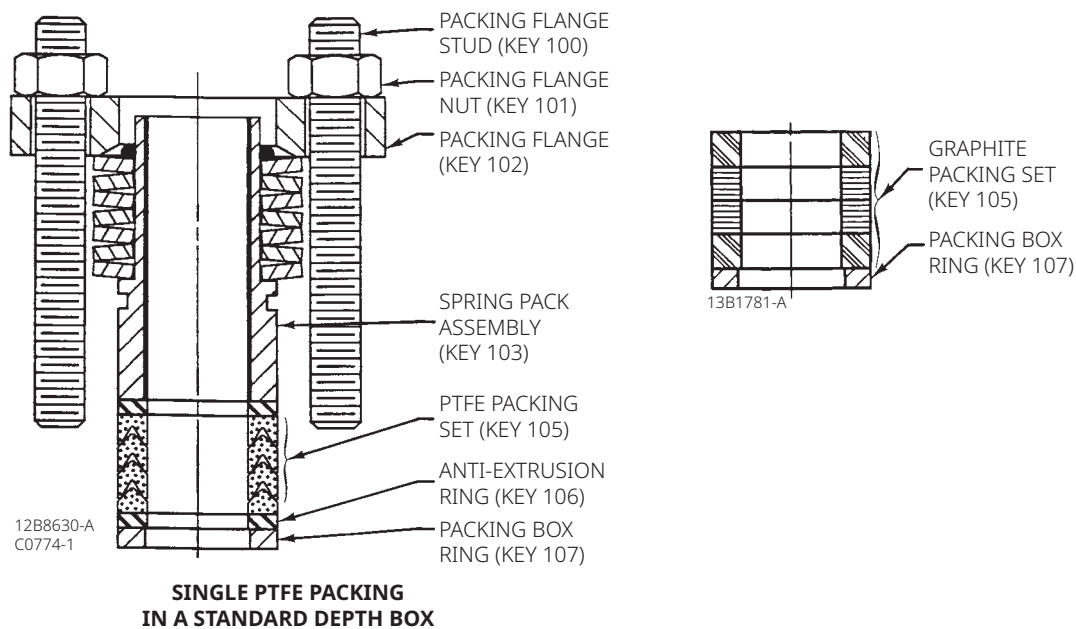
5. Remove the retainer gasket (key 11). Inspect the gasket surfaces on the valve body (key 1).
6. Lift out the seat ring (key 4), both face seals (key 8), insert (key 135), and insert gasket (key 134). Inspect the parts and place them on a flat, protected surface.
7. Inspect the shutoff surface of the valve plug. If it is worn, nicked or scratched, proceed to the Replacing Valve Plug, Shaft and Bearings procedure. If the parts are in good shape and do not require maintenance, continue to the Assembly procedure.

Figure 5. Packing Arrangements**NOTES:**

1. INCLUDES ZINC WASHERS (KEY 28) FOR GRAPHITE RIBBON PACKING ONLY.
2. INCLUDED IN PTFE V-RING PACKING SET (KEY 13).
3. FOR ONLY PTFE/BOUND-COMPOSITION PACKING, TOP RING IS CONDUCTIVE GRAPHITE FILAMENT RING.

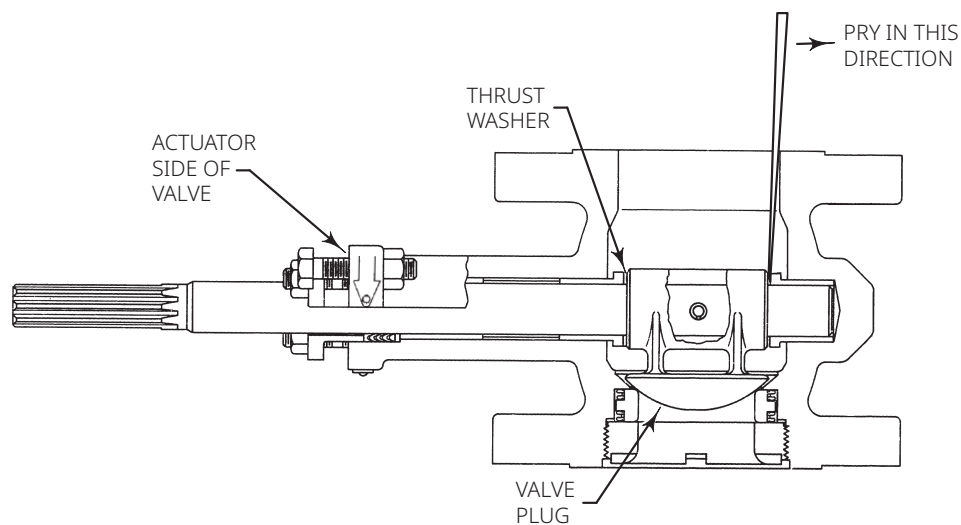
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Figure 5. Packing Arrangements (continued)



PTFE/COMPOSITION OR GRAPHITE ENVIRO-SEAL PACKING ARRANGEMENTS

Figure 6. Pry Bar Use



NOTE:

1. VALVE PLUG SHOULD BE IN THE OPEN POSITION WHEN TIGHTENING THE PACKING FLANGE NUTS (KEY 16).

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Table 5. Data for Making Retainer Tool

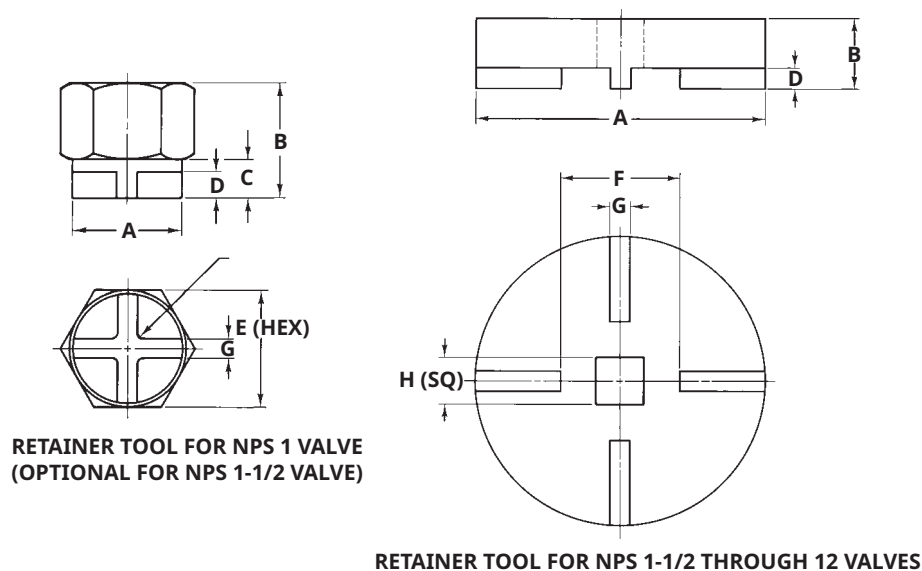
VALVE SIZE, NPS	A	B	C	D	E (HEX)	F	G	H (SQUARE)	A	B	C	D	E (HEX)	F	G	H (SQUARE)
	mm								in.							
1	26.9	28.4	9.7	6.4	28.4	1.5	4.8	---	1.06	1.12	0.38	0.25	1.12	0.06	0.19	---
1-1/2 ⁽¹⁾	36.6	28.4	9.7	6.4	38.1	3.0	4.8	---	1.44	1.12	0.38	0.25	1.50	0.12	0.19	---
1-1/2 ⁽²⁾	36.6	19.1	---	6.4	---	22.4	4.8	12.7	1.44	0.75	---	0.25	---	0.88	0.19	0.50
2	55.6	19.1	---	6.4	---	22.4	4.8	12.7	2.19	0.75	---	0.25	---	0.88	0.19	0.50
3	79.2	33.3	---	7.9	---	41.4	7.9	19.0	3.12	1.31	---	0.31	---	1.62	0.31	0.75
4	104.6	33.3	---	7.9	---	41.4	7.9	25.4	4.12	1.31	---	0.31	---	1.62	0.31	1.00
6	155.4	38.1	---	11.2	---	63.5	11.2	25.4	6.12	1.50	---	0.44	---	2.50	0.44	1.00
8	203.2	50.8	---	11.2	---	101.6	11.2	38.1	8.00	2.00	---	0.44	---	4.00	0.44	1.50
10	241.3	50.8	---	11.2	---	127	19.1	38.1	9.5	2	---	0.44	---	5	0.75	1.5
12	273	50.8	---	11.2	---	127	25.4	38.1	10.75	2	---	0.44	---	5	1	1.5

1. Dimensions for 1-1/2 in. tool made from hex barstock, an optional material.
2. Dimensions for 1-1/2 in. tool made from round barstock.

Table 6. Retainer Torque⁽¹⁾

VALVE SIZE, NPS	RETAINER TORQUE	
	N·m	Lbf·ft
1	140	100
1-1/2	185	135
2	260	190
3	515	380
4	1170	860
6	2305	1700
8	3120	2300
10	4750	3500
12	6100	4500

1. Lubricate with anti-sieze lubricant.

Figure 7. Data for Making and Using Retainer Tool (Key 33) (Also See Tables 5 and 6)

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Assembly of Retainer, Seat Ring, Face Seals and Insert

WARNING

Seat ring installation requires that the valve plug (key 2) remain in the open position. To avoid personal injury or damage to tools, valve parts or other items resulting from plug closing, prevent plug travel by using travel stops, manual actuators, constant supply pressure to a pneumatic actuator or other steps as appropriate. When installing the seat ring, keep hands, tools and other objects out of the valve.

1. Apply enough supply pressure to the actuator to open the valve plug or take other steps to hold the valve plug open.
2. Clean the valve body, the retainer threads, the retainer gasket surface and the seat ring sealing surface.
3. Using either face seals (key 8) in good condition or new face seals, place one seal in the seat ring cavity.

Table 7. Assembly Clearance

VALVE SIZE	SEAT RING AND RETAINER CLEARANCE			
	mm		in.	
NPS	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
2	0.05	0.17	0.002	0.007
3 to 12	0.08	0.30	0.003	0.012

NOTE

The seat ring (key 4) may have one or two shutoff surfaces. The shutoff surfaces are the narrow, rounded edges of the seat ring bore. Inspect the seat ring and locate the shutoff surfaces before proceeding. Insert the gasket (key 134) and body insert (key 135) into valve body prior to face seal installation.

4. Insert the seat ring into the seat ring cavity with the correct shutoff surface facing the valve plug and shaft. The seat ring will cover the face seal installed in step 3.
5. Place the second face seal on the seat ring.
6. Apply anti-seize lubricant to the gasket surface in the valve body. Install the gasket (key 11), while making certain that for NPS 2 through 12 sizes the concave surface of the gasket is up (hump surface of gasket down).
7. Apply anti-seize lubricant to the threads and bottom of the retainer (key 5). Thread the retainer into the valve body.
8. Refer to Figure 7. With the appropriate torque indicating tool, tighten the retainer to the torque listed in Table 6.
9. A gap between the seat ring (key 4) and retainer (key 5) allows the seat ring to self-center. Applying the proper amount of torque during installation should position the retainer and seat ring properly. However, for NPS 2 through 12 valves, use a feeler gauge to measure between the parts as shown in Figure 14, making certain the necessary clearance exists.

Compare the measured gap to the clearance in Table 7 and proceed as follows:

- If the measured clearance is within table values, proceed to the next step.
- If the measured gap is larger than the maximum, tighten the retainer—apply more torque than that listed in Table 6, if necessary—until the clearance is within maximum and minimum values.
- If the measured clearance is smaller than the minimum, remove the retainer, seat ring and face seals, clean the parts and reassemble so as to obtain the necessary clearance.

10. Perform the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure and then install the control valve in the pipeline.

3.3 Replacing Valve Plug, Shaft and Bearings

Perform this procedure to replace the valve plug (key 2), expansion pin assembly (keys 9 and 10), shaft (key 3) or bearings (keys 6 and 42). For NPS 12, follower shaft (key 3) and groove pins (key 39) are also the parts need to be replaced. These parts are independently replaceable; for example, installing a new valve plug does not require replacing a reusable valve shaft or expansion pin assembly. Key numbers refer to Figures 11, 13 and 14 unless otherwise indicated.

Disassembly of Valve Plug, Shaft and Bearings

WARNING

To avoid personal injury resulting from contact with edges of the valve plug (key 2) and seat ring (key 4) during plug rotation, stay clear of the plug edges when rotating the plug. To avoid damage to tools, valve parts or other items resulting from valve plug rotation, keep tools and other property away from the edges of the plug.

NOTICE

To avoid increased leakage, increased valve component wear or possible damage to the valve body (key 1), plug (key 2), shafts (keys 3 and 38) and bearings (keys 6 and 42) resulting from a sharp blow to the actuator body or valve parts, use a wheel puller to separate the actuator parts from the valve shaft.

Do not drive the actuator parts off the valve shaft since this could move the valve bearings, shaft and plug away from proper alignment, causing improper seating of the plug. Such misalignment may result in damage to valve components if the valve is returned to service without disassembly and inspection of the valve plug alignment.

NOTE

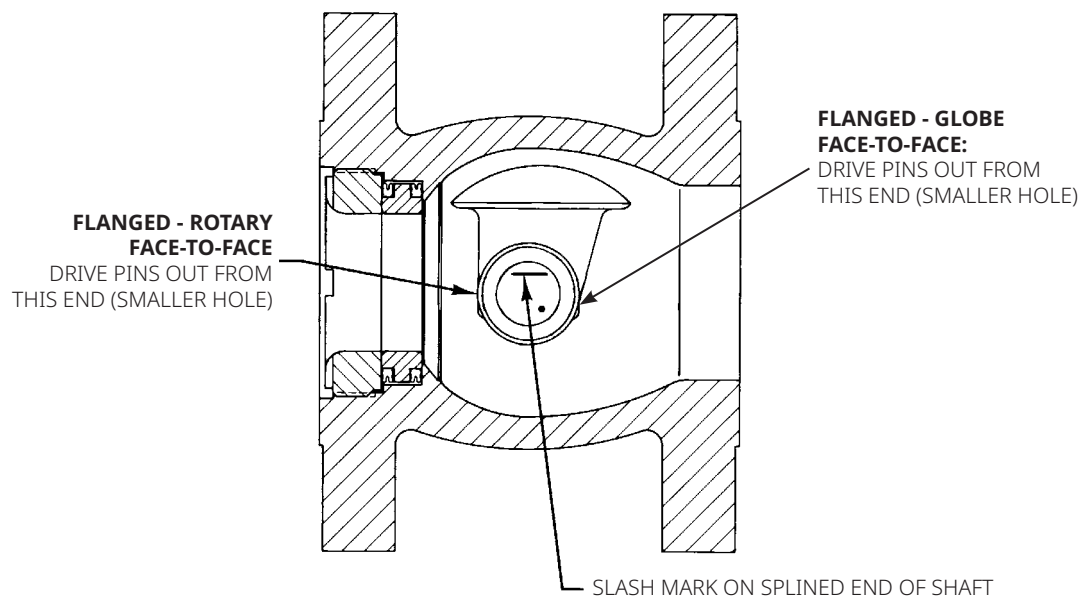
Following removal of the valve from the pipeline and partial disassembly, the valve shaft may be used to remove bearings in accordance with the procedure described in step 8.

NOTE

For globe face-to-face NPS 2, 3 and 4, disassembly of retainer, seat ring and insert prior to plug, shaft and bearings disassembly, to make sure plug and bearings can be placed out from retainer side of valve body.

1. Isolate the control valve from the line pressure, release pressure from both sides of the valve body and drain the process media from both sides of the valve. If using a power actuator, also shut off all pressure lines to the power actuator, release all pressure from the actuator. Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.
2. Remove the actuator cover. Note the actuator orientation with respect to the valve body and the lever orientation with respect to the valve drive shaft (see Figure 2). Remove the lever but do not loosen the actuator turnbuckle adjustment. Remove the actuator mounting screws and nuts and remove the actuator. If necessary, refer to the actuator instruction manual for assistance.
3. With the valve body (key 1) out of the pipeline, loosen the packing nuts (key 16). If the packing is to be reused, do not remove it. However, Emerson recommends that the packing be replaced whenever the drive shaft is removed.
4. Rotate the plug (key 2) to the fully open position.

Figure 8. Detail of Valve Plug for Pin Removal



A3307-1

Table 8. Data for Tapped Hole in Valve Shaft

VALVE SIZE, NPS	SHAFT DIAMETERS				THREAD SIZE, UNC
	Through Valve Body	At Spline End	Through Valve Body	At Spline End	
	mm	mm	in.		
1	12.7	12.7	0.50	0.50	10-24
1-1/2	15.9	15.9	0.62	0.62	1/4-20
2	15.9	12.7	0.62	0.62	10-24
3	25.4	15.9	1.00	1.00	3/8-16
	25.4	25.4	1.00	0.75	5/16-18
4	31.8	19.1	1.25	1.25	3/8-16
6	38.1	38.1	1.50	1.50	1/2-13
	38.1	31.8	1.50	1.25	3/8-16
8	38.1	38.1	1.50	1.50	1/2-13
10	44.5	44.5	1.75	1.75	1/2-13
12	53.8	53.8	2.12	2.12	3/4-10
	53.8	50.8	3.12	2	

5. For NPS 1 through 10, refer to Figure 8. Find the expansion pin (key 9) and the taper pin (key 10) inside of it. These parts are holding the valve plug in position on the shaft. Find the larger hole in the valve plug hub where these pins enter the hub. On the opposite side of the plug hub is a smaller hole where the chamfered end of the expansion pin rests on the inner lip of the hole. Using a pin punch and hammer, strike the chamfered end of the expansion pin through the smaller hole. Remove both pins from the valve plug hub in the direction shown in Figure 8.

Driving the pins in the other direction will tighten the pins.

For NPS 12, drive out two groove pins (key 39) that secure the plug (key 2) to the drive shaft (key 3) and follower shaft (key 38). Remove both pins from the valve plug hub in the direction shown in Figure 8. Driving the pins in the other direction will tighten the pins. Remove the hex nuts (key 44) and then remove the bottom flange (key 40). Thread a bolt into the end of the follower shaft and pull the follower shaft out of the valve. Refer to Table 9 for thread sizes. The bearing (key 6) may come out with the follower shaft.

WARNING

To avoid personal injury or damage to tools, valve parts or other items and plug damage resulting from the valve plug falling from the valve body, support the plug to prevent it from falling as the shaft (key 3) is being removed.

6. Pull the drive shaft (key 3) from the valve body. If the shaft cannot be removed by hand, attach a slide hammer or similar tool to the spline end of the valve shaft. If the shaft has a tapped hole at the spline end of the shaft; refer to Table 8 for thread sizes.
7. Remove the plug and thrust washer (key 12) from the valve body.

NOTE

For NPS 1 through 8, two shaft bearings (key 6) are located inside the valve body on either side of the valve plug. Only one of these two bearings is identified by key 6. The other bearing is located along the valve shaft on the other side of the valve plug. For NPS 10 and 12, there are two shaft bearings. One is identified as key 6 and the other is identified as key 42.

8. If the shaft bearings are to be replaced, remove the packing (key 13).
9. If the bearing closest to the packing (key 6 on NPS 1 through 8 and key 42 on NPS 10 and 12) requires replacement and cannot be removed by hand, press it out using a ram with dimensions given in Figure 9 and Table 9.

NOTICE

Ensure the bearing stop is not moved when pressing out the bearing. Movement may cause the new bearing and valve plug to not be centered with the seal, causing possible leakage or damage of the seal/plug.

Insert the ram through the packing box and press the bearing into the valve body cavity. The bearing stop (key 7) does not need to be removed; take care not to move the bearing stop when pressing out the bearing.

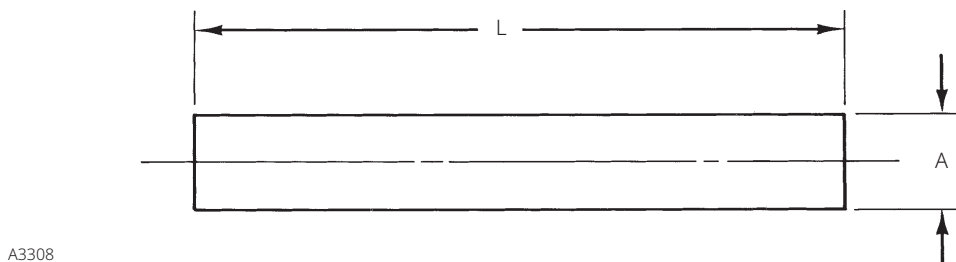
10. For NPS 1 through 8, if the second bearing (key 6) requires replacement and cannot be removed by hand, use one of the following methods:
 - Knock or pry the bearing out or
 - Use the valve shaft as a piston to drive the bearing from the valve body. To accomplish this, first, fill the bearing bore with a heavy grease and then insert the end of the shaft back through the valve body and into the grease-filled bearing. Protect the splined end of the shaft with, for example, a block of wood; then strike the protected end. When the shaft is struck, it will act as a piston, pushing the grease into the bearing bore. The grease will then force the bearing out of the bore and farther along the shaft. Soon, the bearing will be positioned for easy removal.

For NPS 10 and 12, if the bearing (key 6) on the follower shaft requires replacement and cannot be removed by hand, press it out using a ram with dimensions as given in Figure 9 and Table 9. Press the bearing into the valve body cavity.

11. If used, remove the O-rings (keys 19 and 20) from the bearings. Also, for NPS 1 through 8, remove the pipe plug (key 29).

Table 9. Ram Dimensions

VALVE SIZE, NPS	A MAXIMUM MINIMUM		L	
	mm	in.	mm	in.
1	<u>15.1</u> 14.7	<u>.594</u> .578	114	4.50
1-1/2	<u>18.3</u> 17.9	<u>.719</u> .703	114	4.50
2	<u>18.3</u> 17.9	<u>.719</u> .703	127	5.00
3	<u>27.8</u> 27.4	<u>1.094</u> 1.078	165	6.50
4	<u>34.1</u> 33.7	<u>1.344</u> 1.328	165	6.50
6	<u>42.1</u> 41.7	<u>1.656</u> 1.641	197	7.75
8	<u>42.1</u> 41.7	<u>1.656</u> 1.641	229	9.00
10	<u>48.4</u> 48.0	<u>1.905</u> 1.890	229	9.00
12	<u>57.8</u> 57.4	<u>2.275</u> 2.260	260	10.25

Figure 9. Ram Dimension for Bearing Removal (Also See Table 9)

A3308

Assembly of Valve Plug, Shaft and Bearings

NOTE

Before starting to assemble the valve components, place the valve body (key 1) on a flat surface with the retainer (key 5) facing down as shown in Figure 10. This orientation of the valve body allows easier installation of the valve plug.

For globe face-to-face NPS 2, 3 and 4, assembly of plug, shaft and bearings, prior to retainer, seat ring and insert assembly to make sure plug and bearings can be placed into valve body from retainer side of body.

1. Thoroughly clean the parts before assembly.
2. If O-rings (keys 19 and 20) are used, apply a small amount of lubricant to the O-rings so the bearings will easily slide into the valve body. Insert the smaller O-ring (key 20) inside the bearing and the larger O-ring (key 19) around the outside of the bearing.

NOTICE

To avoid damage to O-rings resulting from contact with sharp edges within the bearing holes, use appropriate care when installing the O-rings.

3. Slide the bearings (key 6) and O-rings (keys 19 and 20), if used, into the valve body as shown in Figures 11, 13 and 14.

NOTE

Place the valve body on a flat surface with the retainer (key 5) facing down so that you can look into the valve body cavity. This orientation makes installing the valve plug easier. The retainer should be facing up for globe face-to-face NPS 2, 3 and 4.

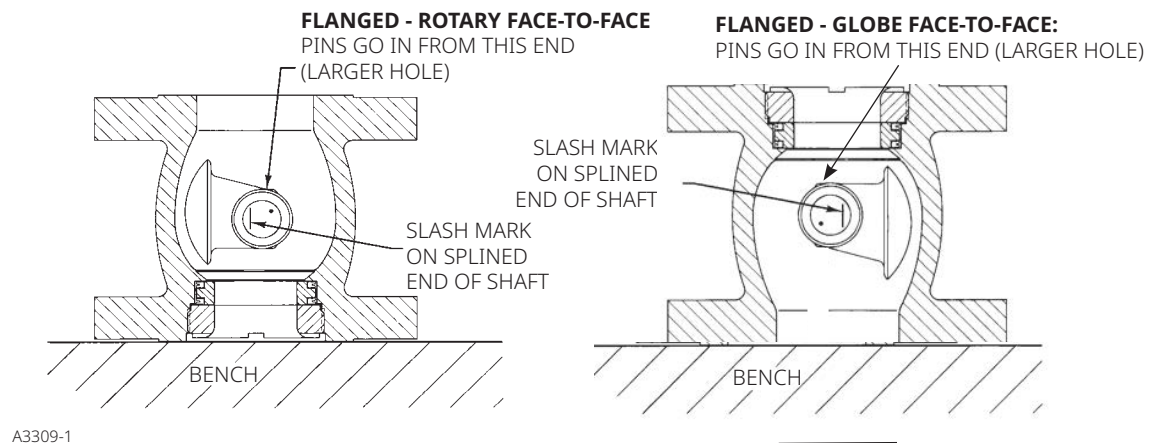
4. Inspect the valve shaft (key 3). Insert the shaft end with the pin hole into the packing box and through the bearings that was previously installed in the packing box in step 3. Stop before the shaft enters the main valve body cavity. Support the end of the shaft that extends out from the valve body.
5. Determine the correct orientation of the valve plug (key 2) required by the specific installation orientation of the valve and the flow direction of the process fluid. See Figure 2.
6. For NPS 1 through 10, inspect the valve plug. Note the location of the larger hole on the valve plug hub. Place the valve plug in the valve body cavity.

For NPS 12, place the plug in the valve body cavity. Slide the follower shaft, splined end first, through the bearing (key 6) that was previously installed in step 3 and into the hub of the plug. Align the groove pin hole in the follower shaft with the hole on the plug hub.

7. For NPS 1 through 10, position the valve plug so the larger hole is facing up, away from the seat ring and retainer (near from the seat ring and retainer for globe face-to-face NPS 2, 3 and 4). The valve plug must also be oriented so the seating surface of the plug is correctly positioned for the specific application as shown by the illustrations in Figure 2.

For NPS 12, determine the correct orientation of the plug (key 2) required by the specific installation orientation of the valve and the flow direction of the process fluid. See Figure 2. The groove pin holes in both the drive shaft (key 3) and the hub of valve plug are offset from center. Make certain the holes will align.

Figure 10. Detail of Valve Plug for Pin Insertion



NOTE

Before proceeding, inspect the valve plug position once again to ensure the correct orientation as described in step 6. If the valve plug is not properly installed, it will not rotate properly and will not shutoff in service.

8. Hold the thrust washer(s) (key 12) between the valve plug (key 2) and the bearing installed next to the packing as shown in Figures 11, 13 and 14.
For NPS 1 through 10, slide the valve shaft (key 3) from the packing box into the valve body through the thrust washer(s) and plug. If the shaft material is S17400, use two 0.7938 mm / 1/32 in. 17-7 PH thrust washers. If the shaft material is S20910, use one 1.587 mm / 1/16 in. alloy 6 thrust washer.

For NPS 12, align the zero mark located on the end of the drive shaft with the zero mark located on the plug hub. Slide the valve drive shaft (key 3) from the packing box housing into the valve body through the thrust washer and into the hub of the plug.
9. Secure the valve plug in the correct open position. Inspect the splined end of the valve shaft and locate the slash mark on the splined end. Rotate the valve shaft until the slash mark is vertical and facing out from the center of the shaft in the same direction as the valve plug seating surface. See Figure 10.

NOTE

When the valve shaft is correctly positioned, the slash mark on the splined end will be parallel with the plug shutoff surface. See Figure 10. If the plug is not properly aligned with the slash mark, the valve will not function correctly.

10. Secure the plug to the shaft (key 3) as follows:

For NPS 1 through 10:

- a. Look into the valve body and find the larger pin hole on one side of the valve plug hub. Find the smaller hole on the opposite side of the hub. These holes should line up with the hole through the shaft (key 3). For NPS 10, refer to Figure 10 for the pins insertion orientation.

NOTE

If the holes in the valve plug hub do not line up with the hole in the shaft, check the slash mark on the splined end of the shaft. Make sure the shaft and plug are properly oriented.

NOTICE

For NPS 1 through 2, use only N10276 expansion and taper pins (keys 9 and 10) with VTC (ceramic) valve plug. With any other pin material, there is danger of the pins expanding and cracking the plug as temperature rises. For that reason, the NPS 1 through 2 VTC valve plugs are sold only as a set that includes N10276 pins. Use only the pins that are furnished with the set.

Components of the VTC valve plug assembly for the NPS 3 through 8 cannot be repaired in the field.

- b. Place the chamfered end of the expansion pin (key 9) into the larger hole in the plug hub (see Figure 11).

NOTICE

To avoid damage to the expansion pin, valve plug or shaft resulting from the application of excessive force on the expansion pin, use appropriate care when driving the expansion pin through the plug hub and shaft. Use the right tool. Do not use excessive force.

- c. For NPS 1 through 8, drive the expansion pin into the larger hole until the chamfered end of the pin reaches the inner lip of the smaller hole on the opposite side of the plug. Closely observe the progress of the pin to avoid striking it after it has reached the lip of the smaller hole. For NPS 10, drive the expansion pin into the pin hole until the expansion pin flange touch the plug hub.
- d. Place the taper pin (key 10) into the open end of the expansion pin. Drive the taper pin into the expansion pin until the pins, plug and shaft are snug. Do not attempt to drive either pin flush with the hub.

For NPS 12, to secure the plug to the follower shaft, align the groove pin hole in the plug hub and the hole on the opposite side of the plug with the groove pin hole through the follower shaft (key 38). Use pin punches to drive in the groove pin until it is flush with the surface of plug hub. Stake both ends of the pin hole in the plug hub to retain the pin during this step. Then to secure the plug to the drive shaft, it should be noticed that the groove pin holes in both the drive shaft (key 3) and the hub of the plug are offset from center and have spline ridges. Make certain in the holes in the plug hub will align with the hole in the drive shaft. Secure the plug to the drive shaft by using pin punches and driving in the groove pin until it is flush with the surface of the plug hub. Make certain that the groove pin goes completely through the drive shaft and into the opposite side of the plug hub.

11. Rotate the plug by hand to check that it rotates properly. If rotation interferes with the valve body, drive out the pins (keys 9 and 10) for NPS 1 through 10 and the groove pin (key 39) for NPS 12. Remove the valve shaft (keys 3 and 38) and repeat this procedure starting with step 4.
12. For NPS 1 through 8, if used, install the pipe plug (key 29). For NPS 10 and 12, install the gasket (key 41), bottom flange (key 40) and then install and tighten the hex nuts (key 44) (reference table below). Make sure the pipe plug (key 29) is installed in the bottom flange. For NPS 10 and 12, lubricate the bottom flange studs (key 43) and hex nuts (key 43) with appropriate anti-seize lubricant. Install the bottom flange studs (key 43), gasket (key 41), bottom flange (key 40) and then install and tighten the hex nuts (key 44) using accepted bolting procedures. See Table 10 for torque values. Make sure the pipe plug (key 29) is installed in the bottom flange if applicable.

Table 10. Bottom Flange Bolting Torque

VALVE SIZE, NPS	TORQUE	
	N-m	Lbf-ft
10	141	104
12	176	130

13. If the seat ring (key 4), face seals (key 8) and retainer (key 5) need to be installed, complete the assembly instructions in the procedure for Replacing Retainer, Seat Ring and Face Seals. If the seat ring has previously been installed, proceed to Adjusting Actuator Travel.

3.4 Adjusting Actuator Travel

Perform this procedure whenever the actuator is removed or disconnected from the valve and whenever the seat ring and retainer (keys 4 and 5) are removed. Actuator travel that is too short will increase shutoff leakage; too much travel will cause excessive plug and seat ring torque.

Any of the Fisher pneumatic (spring-and- diaphragm, piston or spring-return piston), electric, electrohydraulic or manual actuators—or any other operator—must be adjusted for use with a V500 valve so that the valve plug is rotated to the fully closed position. The fully closed position is obtained when a gap of 0.001 in. exists between the seat ring (key 5) and retainer (key 4).

Note that this gap is also measured when assembling the seat ring, retainer and face seals to ensure correct assembly. Measure the gap according to this procedure to ensure proper actuator adjustment. Merely completing the assembly measurement is not sufficient.

Travel for different actuators is adjusted differently (some use turnbuckle assemblies; some use externally adjusted travel stops; others use internal limit switches). Refer to the actuator instruction manual for adjustment instructions.

1. Mount the actuator following the instructions in the actuator instruction manual. Refer to Figure 3 to select actuator mounting style and position and to orient the actuator lever with the valve shaft (key 3).
2. For actuators with clamped levers,

NOTICE

When installing the actuator onto the valve, do not use a hammer or similar tool to drive the lever or actuator onto the valve shaft. Driving the lever or actuator onto the valve shaft could damage the valve plug, seal ring and other valve components.

- Clean the valve shaft splines and actuator lever splines to be sure the actuator lever will slide on easily.
 - Pull the valve shaft (key 3), by hand, toward the packing (key 13). Or,
 - If the lever does not slide easily on the valve shaft, carefully wedge the valve plug solidly against the actuator-side thrust washer using a screwdriver or similar tool in the same direction as the pry bar shown in Figure 6.
3. Clamp the lever to the valve shaft.

NOTICE

Do not apply full actuator signal (pressure or power) to the actuator in the next step. Full signal may wedge the valve plug into the seat ring. Use a regulated signal source and gradually increase the signal to slowly stroke the actuator.

4. Adjust actuator travel and stroke the actuator so that the plug is close to but not contacting the seat ring at full actuator travel. If available on electric actuators, use a manual handwheel to position the plug.
5. Adjust travel, using full actuator signal, until the valve plug contacts the seat ring around its full circumference. This contact self-centers the seat ring on the valve plug.
6. Continue to adjust travel until a gap of 0.001 in. exists between the seat ring and retainer, as shown in Figure 14, at full actuator travel.
7. Refer to the actuator instruction manual to lock the actuator travel adjustment.

3.5 Changing Valve Flow Direction

The V500 valve may be installed in either forward or reverse flow service. Forward flow enters the seat ring first, then flows past the valve plug. If changing flow direction is necessary, release all pressure from the valve and actuator. Remove the control valve assembly from the pipeline and rotate the assembly about the valve shaft to put the retainer end of the valve where the other end was. Refer to the procedure for Changing Actuator Mounting Style if the actuator must be repositioned and refer to the Installation section to install the control valve assembly. Be sure to reposition the flow direction arrow on the valve body.

3.6 Changing Actuator Mounting Style

Refer to Figure 3 of this manual and the actuator instruction manual when changing mounting styles or positions. Right-hand mounting places the actuator on the right side of the valve as viewed from the upstream side of the valve; left-hand mounting places the actuator on the left side of the valve. Remember that the upstream side of the valve inlet is the retainer end of the valve body for forward flow and the other end of the valve body is the upstream side for reverse flow.

Complete the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure whenever the actuator is removed.

Section 4: Parts

4.1 Parts Ordering

A serial number is assigned to each valve and stamped on the nameplate. Always refer to the valve serial number when corresponding with your [Emerson sales office](#). When ordering replacement parts, also specify the part name and desired material.



WARNING

Use only genuine Fisher replacement parts. Components that are not supplied by Emerson should not, under any circumstances, be used in any Fisher valve, because they may void your warranty, might adversely affect the performance of the valve and could cause personal injury and property damage.

4.2 Parts Kits

Repair Kits

Repair kits include recommended spares for standard and sealed bearing constructions.

Table 11. Repair Kits

PARTS INCLUDED IN KITS		QUANTITY IN KIT
Key Number	Description	
9	Expansion pin	1
10	Taper pin	1
11	Retainer gasket	1
19	O-ring (sealed bearing only)	2
20	O-ring (sealed bearing only)	2

Valve Size, NPS	Kit Parts Number
1	RV500X00012
1-1/2	RV500X00022
2	RV500X00032
3	RV500X00042
4	RV500X00052
6	RV500X00062
8	RV500X00072

Repair Kits for ENVIRO-SEAL Packing

Packing boxes in these valves may be deep-drilled. If the valve being repaired has a deep packing box, additional parts are required. Refer to the Packing Maintenance section in this manual.

Table 12. Repair Kits for ENVIRO-SEAL Packing

PARTS INCLUDED IN KITS		QUANTITY IN KIT	
Key Number	Description	PTFE	Graphite
105	Packing Set	1	1
106	Anti-Extrusion Washer	2	-- (1)
1. Included in packing set, key 105.			

Valve Size, NPS	Kit Parts Number
1	RRTYX000012
1-1/2 and 2	RRTYX000022
3	RRTYX000052
4	RRTYX000062
6 and 8	RRTYX000072
10	RRTYX000232
12	RRTYX000252

Retrofit Kits for ENVIRO-SEAL Packing

Retrofit kits include parts to convert existing V500 valves with single depth packing box to the ENVIRO-SEAL packing box construction. Retrofit kits include single PTFE or graphite packing box construction (see following table).

Table 13. Retrofit Kits for ENVIRO-SEAL Packing

PARTS INCLUDED IN KITS		QUANTITY IN KIT	
Key Number	Description	PTFE	Graphite
100	Packing stud	2	2
101	Packing nut	2	2
102	Packing flange	1	1
103	Spring pack assembly	1	1
105	Packing set	1	1
106	Anti-extrusion washer	2	---
107	Packing box ring	1	1

Valve Size, NPS	Kit Parts Number
1	RRTYXRT0012
1-1/2 and 2	RRTYXRT0022
3	RRTYXRT0052
4	RRTYXRT0062
6 and 8	RRTYXRT0072
10	RRTYXRT0682
12	RRTYXRT0722

Table 14. Explanation of Valve Construction⁽¹⁾

For These Packing and Bearing Constructions	Use These Valve Constructions
Single packing and standard bearings	Standard packing box without end tapping
Single packing and sealed bearings	Standard packing box with end tapping
Double packing and standard bearings	Deep packing box without lube or end tapping
Leakoff packing and standard bearings	Deep packing box with only lube tapping
Double packing and sealed bearings	Deep packing box with only lube tapping
Leakoff packing and sealed bearings	Deep packing box with both lube and end tapping
Purged bearing and single packing for purged bearings	Deep packing box with both lube and end tapping
1. Please contact your Emerson sales office for more information.	

Figure 11. Fisher V500 Rotary Control Flange Valve, NPS 1 and 1-1/2

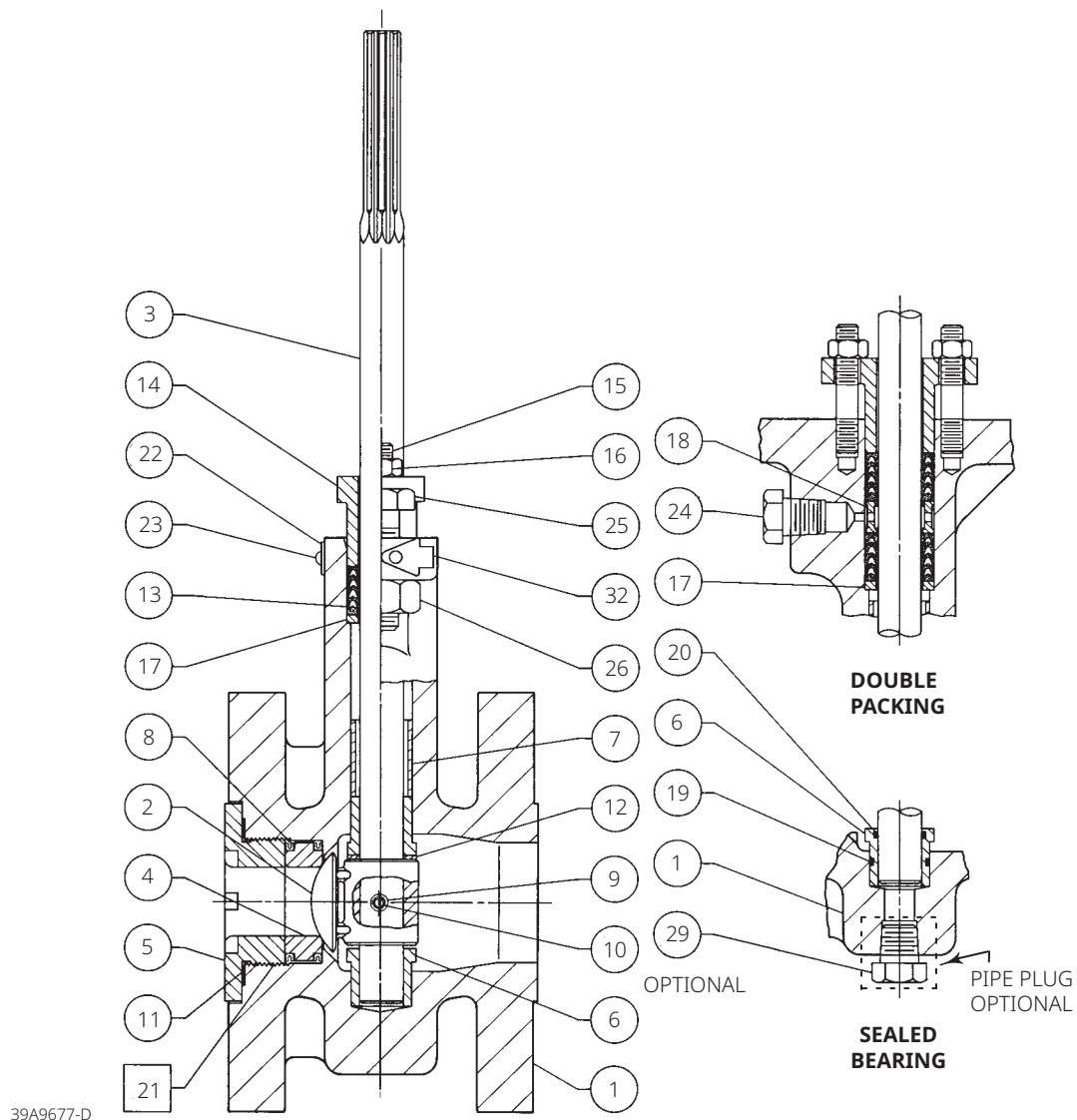
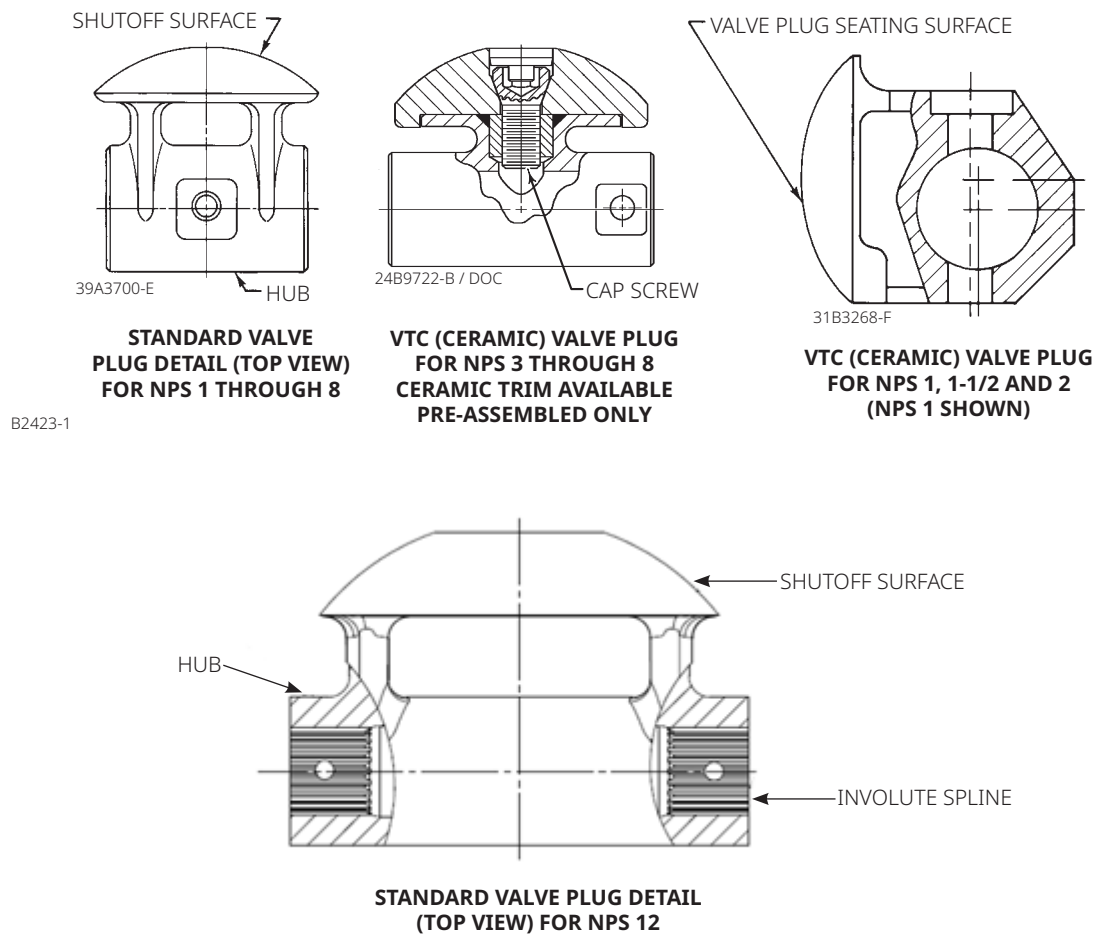


Figure 12. Valve Plug Views

4.3 Parts List

NOTE

Part numbers are shown for recommended spares only. For part numbers not shown, contact your Emerson sales office.

Valve Common Parts (Figures 11, 13 and 14)

Table 15. Parts List

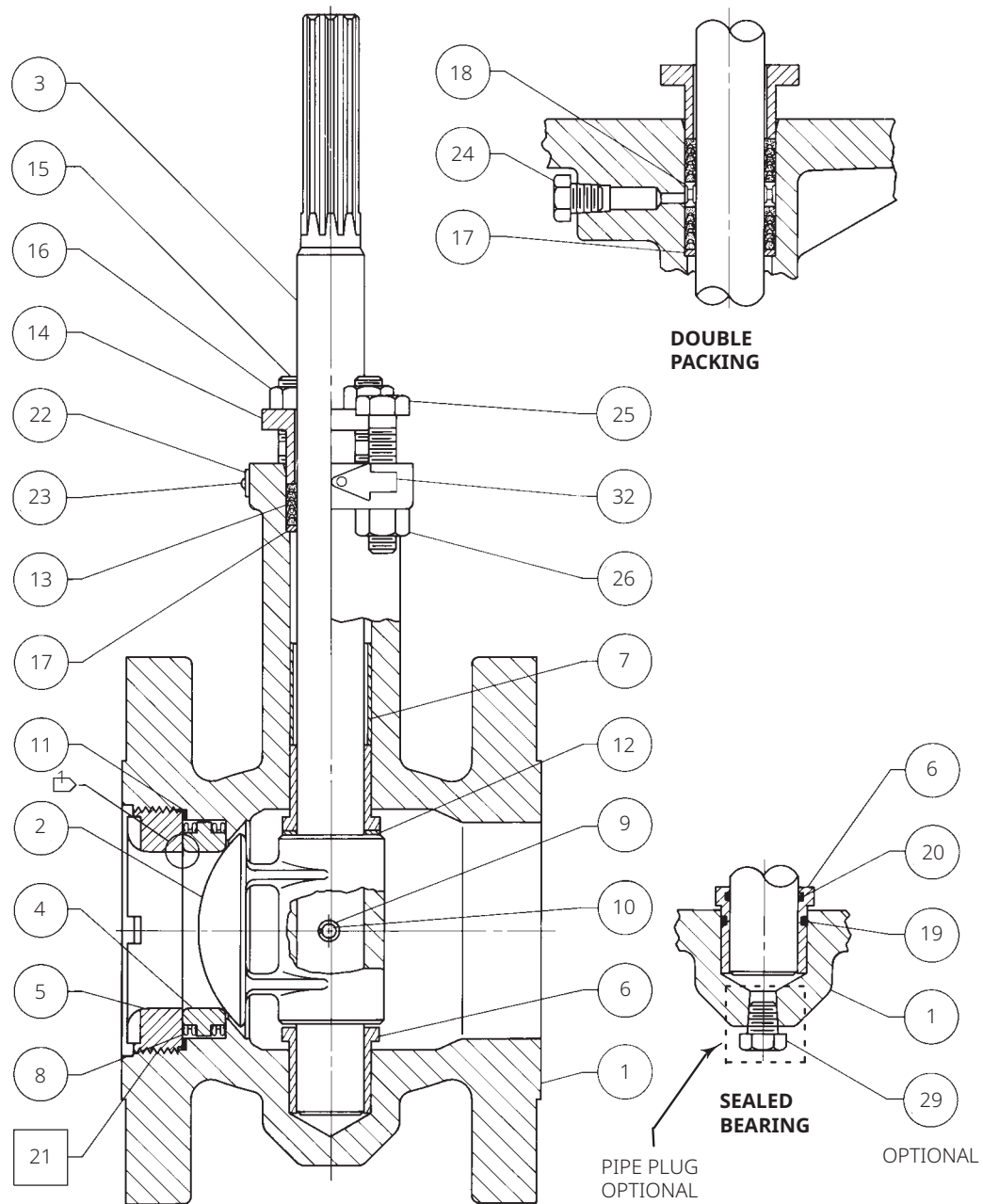
Key	Description	Key	Description
1	Valve body/Bearing assembly If you need a valve body as a replacement part, order by valve size, serial number and desired material.	24	Isolator/Lubricator valve (not shown) Pipe nipple (not shown)
2	Valve plug	25	Cap screw
3	Valve shaft	26	Hex nut
4*	Seat ring	28*	Packing washer (not shown) Single (3 req'd) Double or leakoff (4 req'd)
5	Retainer		
6*	Bearing (2 req'd, NPS 1 through NPS 8; 1 req'd NPS 10 and NPS 12)	29	Pipe plug (for sealed or purged bearing constructions) (Optional)
7	Bearing stop	30	Nameplate (not req'd when actuator is furnished)
8*	Face seal, (2 req'd)	31	Nameplate wire (not req'd when actuator is furnished)
9*	Expansion pin	32	Flow arrow
10*	Taper pin	33	Retainer tool (not shown)
11*	Retainer gasket	36	Line studs (for flangeless valve bodies)
12	Thrust washer ⁽¹⁾	37	Cap screws (for flangeless valve bodies)
13*	Packing set	38*(2)	Follower shaft
14	Packing follower	39(2)	Groove pin
15	Packing flange stud (2 req'd)	40(2)	Bottom flange
16	Packing flange nut (2 req'd)	41*(2)	Gasket
17*	Packing box ring	42*(2)	Drive bearing
18	Lantern ring	43(2)	Stud (for bottom flange bolting)
19	O-ring (for sealed bearing, 2 req'd)	44(2)	Hex nut (for bottom flange bolting)
20*	O-ring (for sealed bearings, 2 req'd)	45(2)	Packing flange
21	Anti-seize lubricant (not furnished with valve)	130	Clamp (req'd w/ nonconductive packing)
22	Nameplate	131	Bonding strap assembly (req'd with nonconductive packing)
23	Drive screw (6 req'd)	134	Gasket (for valve body with insert design, does not include NPS 2)
24	Pipe plug	135	Insert
*Recommended spare parts			
1. A single quantity of the part number is needed – you will receive two thrust washers when you specify 17-7PH.			

Enhanced ENVIRO-SEAL Packing System (Figure 15)

Table 16. Parts List

Key	Description	Key	Description
100	Packing flange stud (2 req'd)	106*	Anti-extrusion ring (2 req'd)
101	Packing flange nut (2 req'd)	107*	Packing box ring
102	Packing flange	108*	Packing ring (2 req'd)
103	Spring pack assembly	109*	Anti-extrusion ring
105*	Packing set	- - -	- - -
*Recommended spare parts			

Figure 13. Fisher V500 Rotary Control Valve, NPS 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8



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☐ APPLY LUB

PARTS NOT SHOWN: 28, 30, 31, 33, 36, 37, 130, 131, 134, AND 135.

1. MEASURE GAP HERE

Figure 14. Fisher V500 Rotary Control Valve, NPS 10 and 12

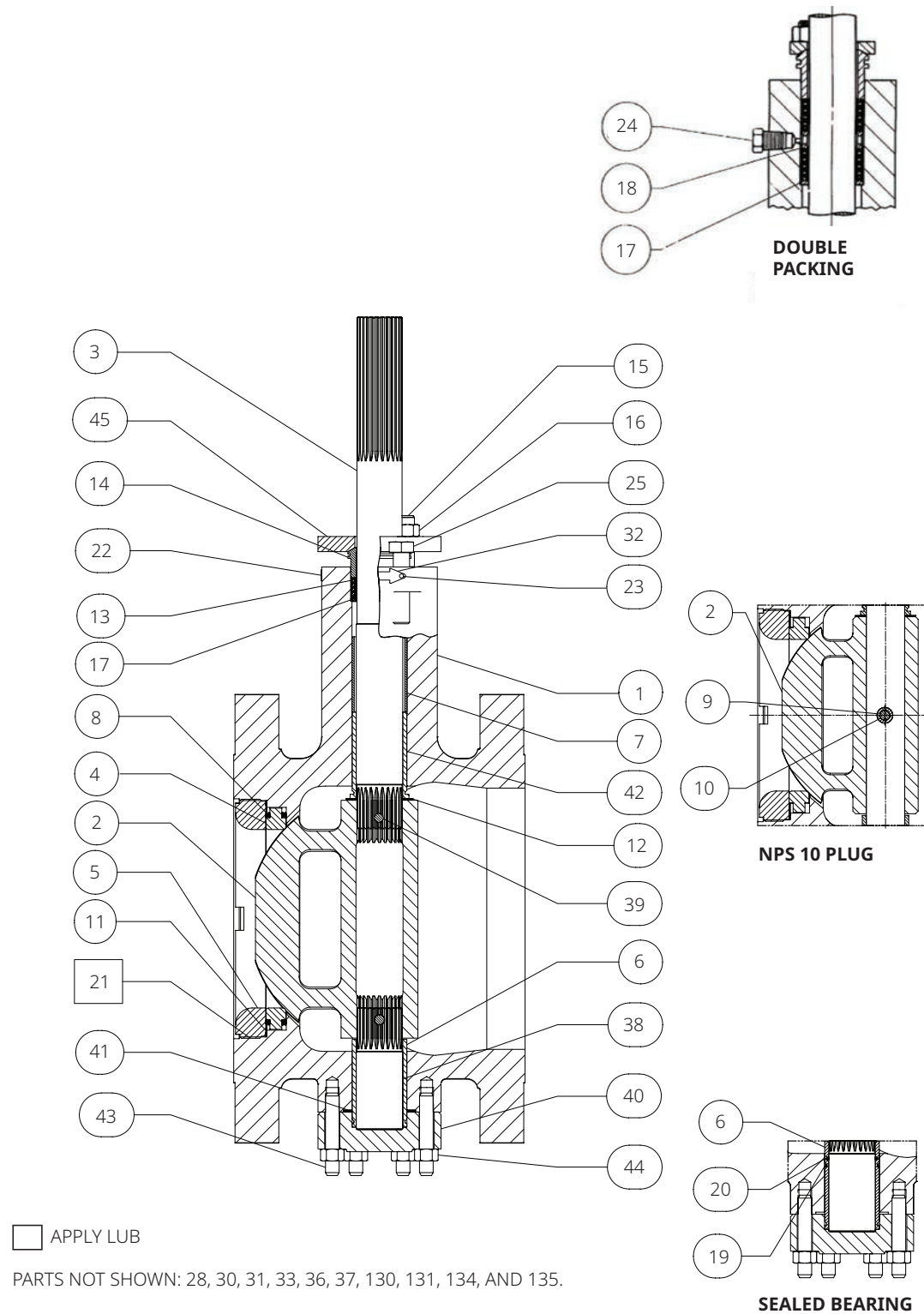
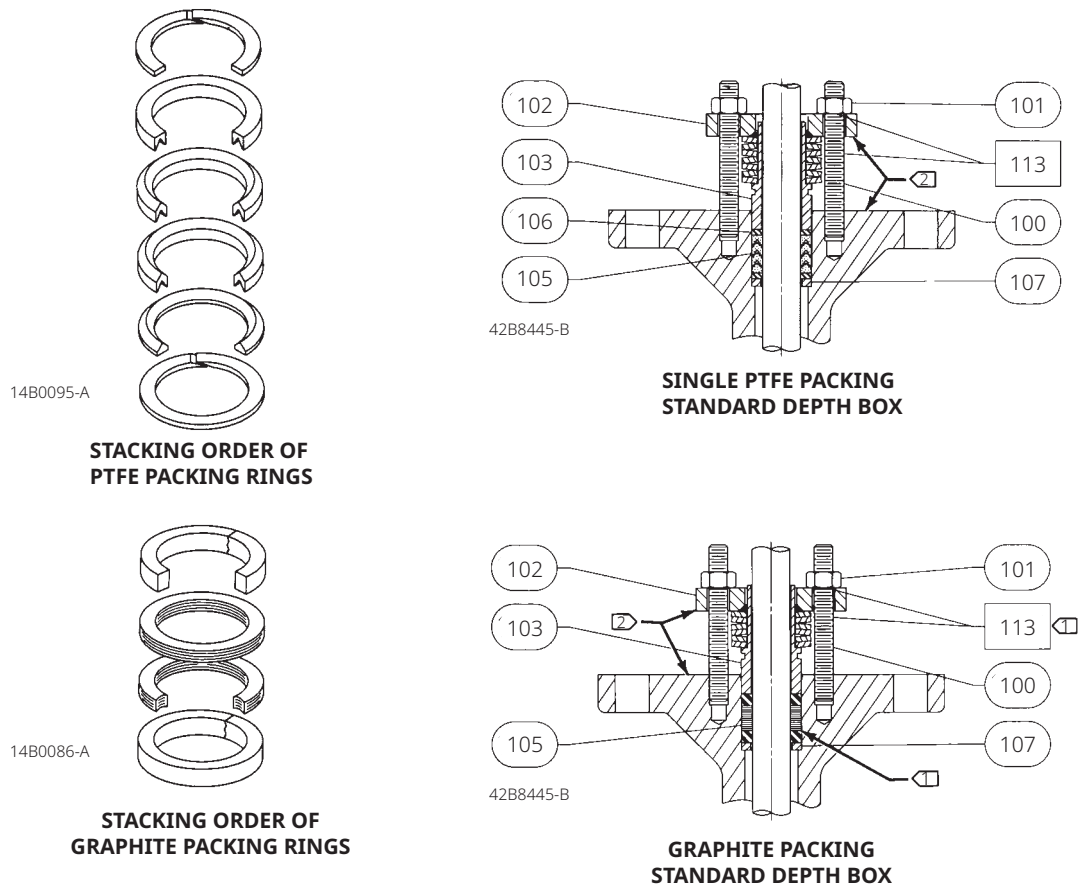


Figure 15. ENVIRO-SEAL Rotary Packing Arrangements with PTFE and Graphite Packing



NOTES:

1. APPLY LUBRICANT.
2. THESE TWO SURFACES SHOULD REMAIN PARALLEL AS YOU ALTERNATELY AND EVENLY TIGHTEN THE PACKING NUTS (KEY 101).

Appendix A: Flangeless Considerations

The flangeless valve body has been discontinued. This appendix is provided in order to do maintenance and get key information for existing flangeless valve bodies. For flangeless valve bodies make sure the mating line flanges are aligned.

Table A-1. Shaft Diameter and Approximate Weights

VALVE SIZE, NPS	SHAFT DIAMETER		APPROXIMATE WEIGHT		
	Through Valve	At Spline End	Flangeless		
			CL150	CL300	CL600
			mm		
1	12.7	12.7	3.6	3.6	3.6
1-1/2	15.9	15.9	5.4	5.4	5.4
2	15.9	15.9	8.2	8.2	8.2
3	25.4	25.4	16	16	16
	25.4	19.1			
4	31.8	31.8	34	34	34
6	38.1	38.1	50	50	---
	38.1	31.8			
8	38.1	38.1	57	68	---
	in.		lbs		
1	1/2	1/2	8	8	8
1-1/2	5/8	5/8	12	12	12
2	5/8	5/8	18	18	18
3	1	1	35	35	35
	1	3/4			
4	1-1/4	1-1/4	75	75	75
6	1-1/2	1-1/2	110	110	---
	1-1/2	1-1/4			
8	1-1/2	1-1/2	125	150	---

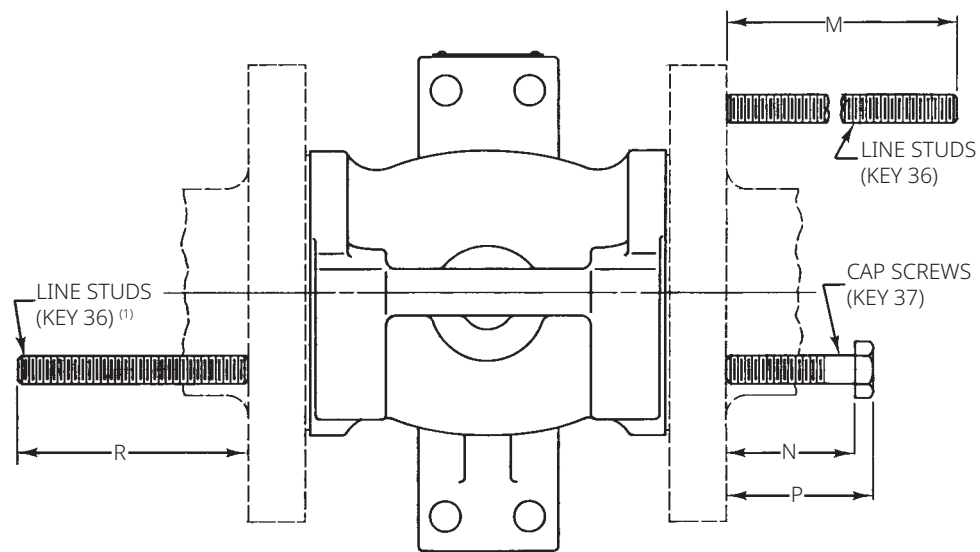
Table A-2. Line Stud (Key 36)⁽¹⁾

R				
Valve Size	Pressure Rating	Qty	Bolt Size	Bolt Length
NPS				In.
6	CL150	6	3/4-10 UNC	5.00
	CL300	6	3/4-10 UNC	5.00
8	CL150	---	---	---
	CL300	4	7/8-9 UNC	5.62

1. Use instead of cap screws.

Table A-3. Cap Screw (Key 37)

N					
Valve Size	Pressure Rating	Qty	Bolt Size	Bolt Length	Overall Length
NPS				In.	In.
3	CL150	---	---	---	---
	CL300	4	3/4-10 UNC	2.38	2.88
	CL600	4	3/4-10 UNC	2.38	2.88
4	CL150	4	5/8-11 UNC	2.00	2.44
	CL300	4	3/4-10 UNC	2.38	2.88
	CL600	4	7/8-9 UNC	2.75	3.38

**Figure A-1 Line Bolt Dimensions for Flangeless Valve Bodies
(Also See Tables A2 and A3)**

NOTE:
1. USED INSTEAD OF CAP SCREWS.

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